

REFRACTORY DIVISION CATALOGUE







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Antec have been designing and manufacturing refractory anchors for over 25 years and offer an extensive range of high-quality standard and custom-made refractory anchor products for a variety of linings and lining depths.

Our experience has led to the development of a unique range of clever anchoring systems that offer our clients a flexible, reliable and cost-effective solution to secure refractory linings.

We offer full in-house design and manufacturing for fast turnarounds on custom anchor designs. Additionally we hold a comprehensive range of common anchor shapes and sizes in stock.

Anchor Types include:

- Y & V Anchors
- Welded & Twisted Anchors
- Split Tyne, Stud Welded and Rotalock Anchors
- Christmas Tree and Strap Anchors
- Ceramic Anchor Brick Clips
- Shelf & PV Anchors
- Shelf Brackets & Fabricated parts
- Ceramic Fibre Fixings

Material Selection

Alloys behave differently in different environments and temperatures. Therefore the choice of material is critical for the refractory anchor. Antec's experience can assist with determining the most appropriate materials for each individual application.

Antec supply anchors in a variety of material options including standard heat resisting alloys such as 304, 310 & 253 and can also supply specialist alloys such as 601 and DS in a variety of diameters.

For special requests please contact us for a custom quotation and lead time.



Anchor Spacing & Quantity Required

Anchor Spacing "P" (mm)	Anchor Quantity per m ²
150	45
175	33
200	25
225	20
250	16
300	11.5
350	8.5
450	5

Spacings given above relate to the typical anchor layouts shown below.

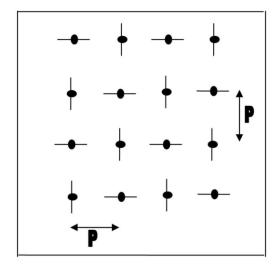


Fig. 1 – Square Pitch

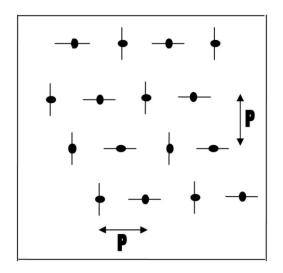
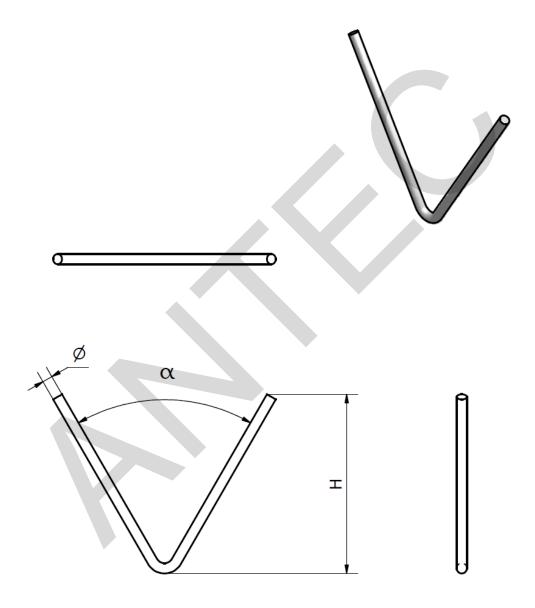


Fig. 2 – Staggered Pitch

AN 01 V Anchor

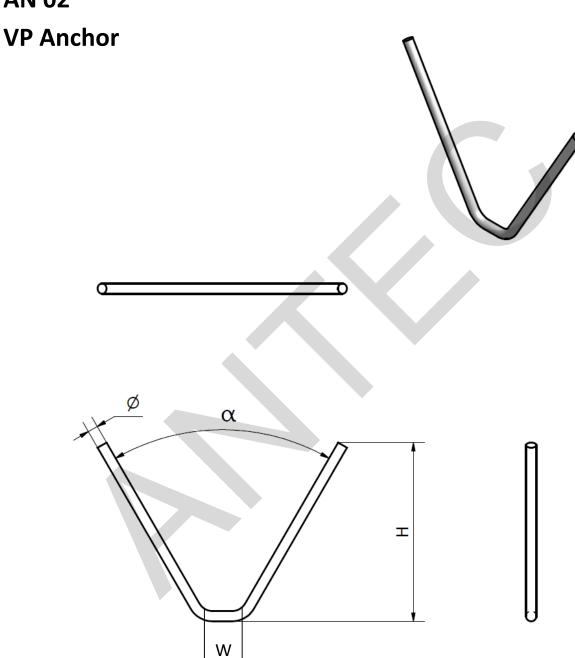


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 02



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

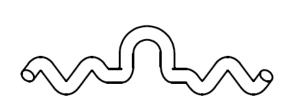
Tolerances:

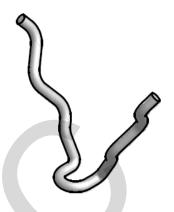
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

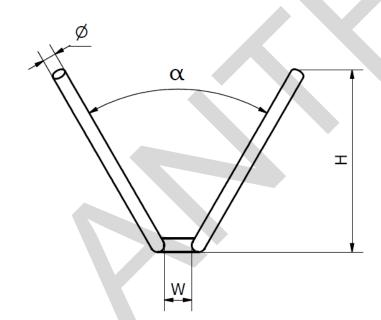
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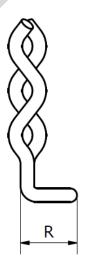
AN 03

VCL Anchor









All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

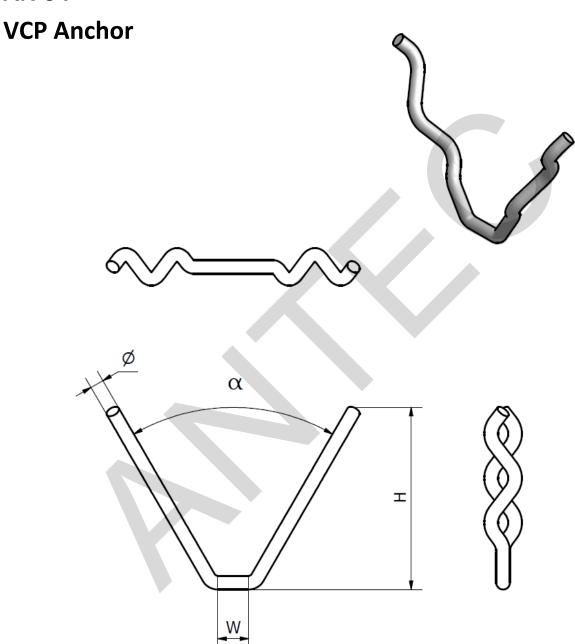
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

STANDARD SIZES				
HEIGHT	W	ANGLE		
50	12	90		
65	12	60		
75	12	60		
80	12	60		
90	12	60		
100	12	60		
115	12	60		
125	12	60		

AN 04



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

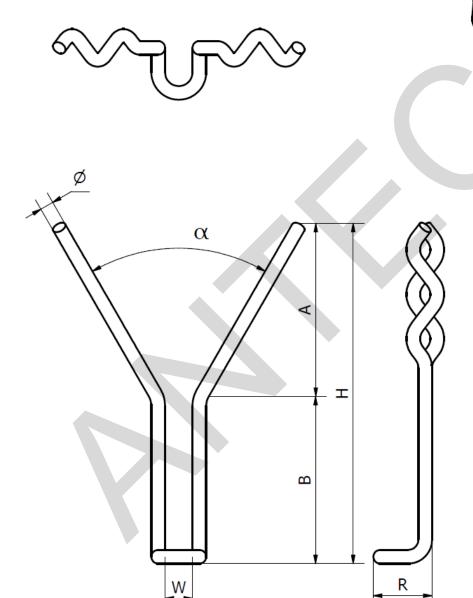
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 05

YCL Anchor



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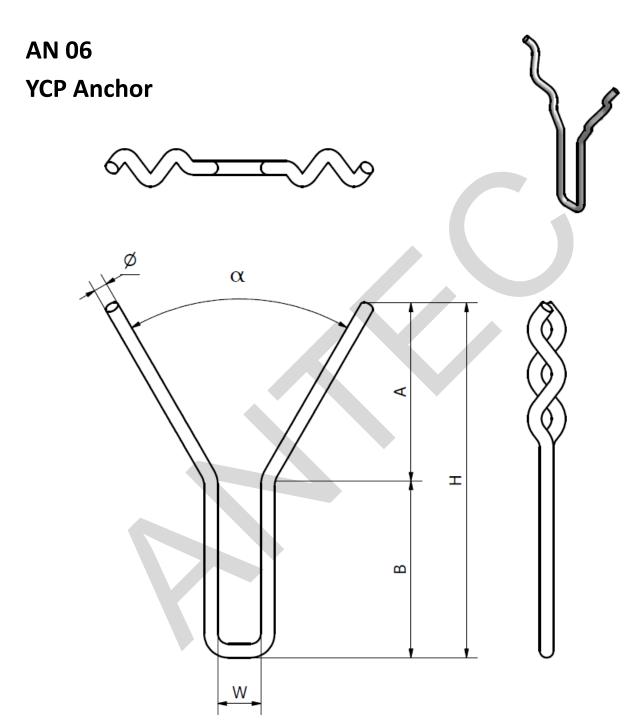
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

STANDARD SIZES			
HEIGHT	В	ANGLE	
140	40	60	
150	50	60	
165	65	60	
170	70	60	
175	75	60	
180	80	60	
190	90	60	
200	100	60	
205	105	60	
215	115	60	
225	125	60	
230	130	60	
240	140	60	
250	150	60	
265	165	60	
275	175	60	
280	180	60	
290	190	60	
300	200	60	
305	205	60	



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

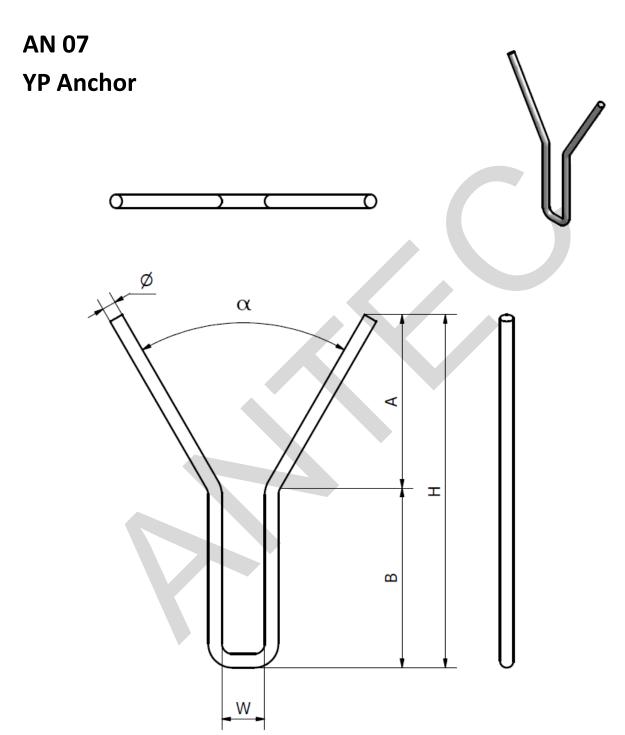
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

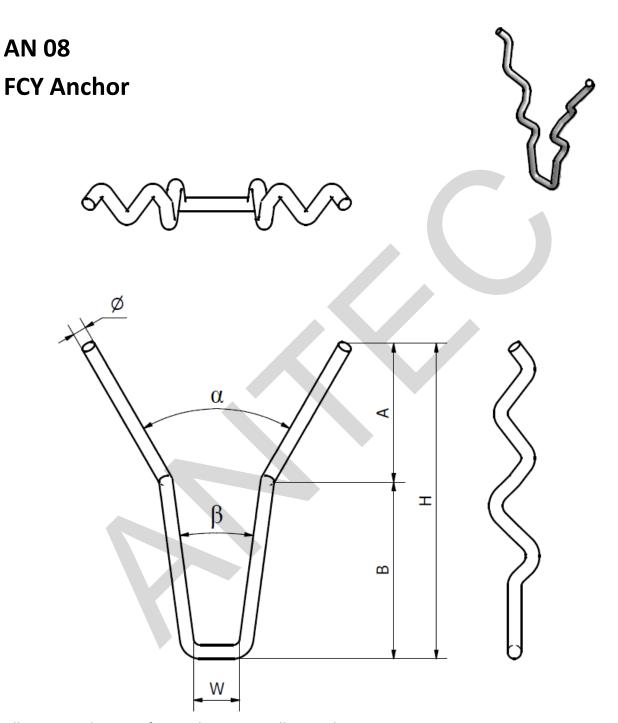


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

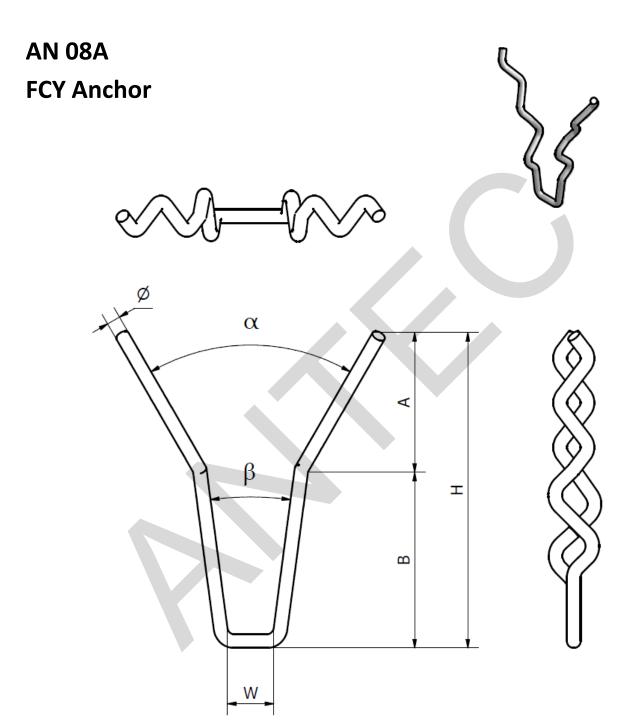
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

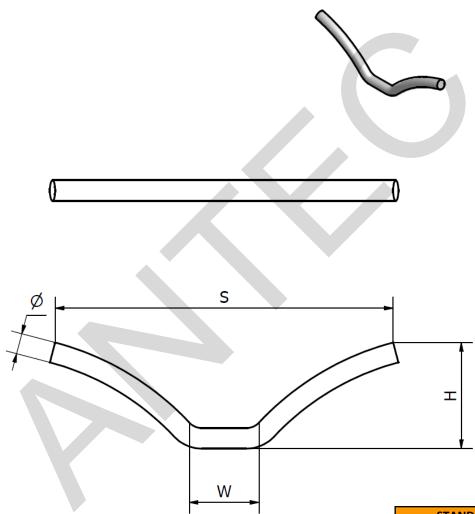
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 09 CH Anchor



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

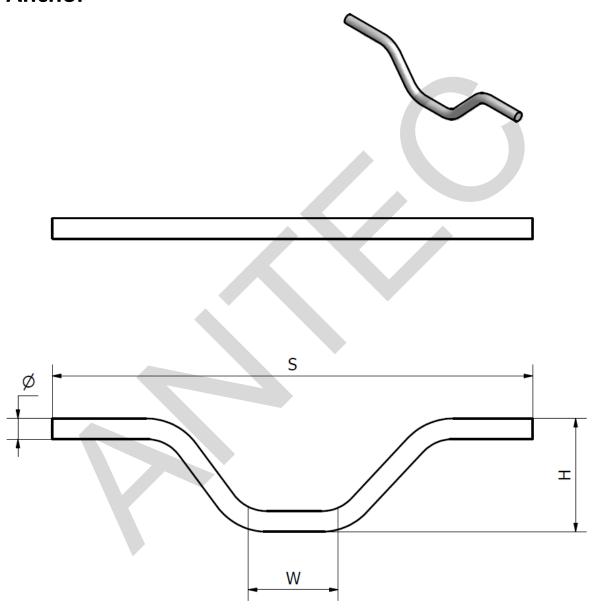
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

H = 30 or above.

STANDARD SIZES				
TYPE	Ξ	S	V	D
19 CH	19	80	15	6
25 CH	25	100	13	6
30 CH	30	125	18	6
32 CH	32	160	18	6
38 CH(A)	38	130	20	6
38 CH(B)	38	160	30	6
50 CH	50	160	30	6
65 CH	65	175	30	6
75 CH	75	170	25	6

AN 10 LS Anchor



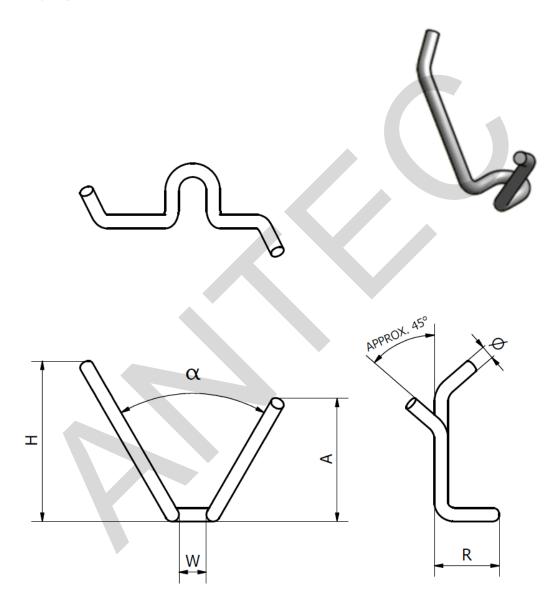
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

STANDARD SIZES				
TYPE	Н	S	W	D
25 LS(A)	27	140	30	6
25 LS(B)	27	175	30	6
30 LS	30	185	18	6

AN 11 WB Anchor



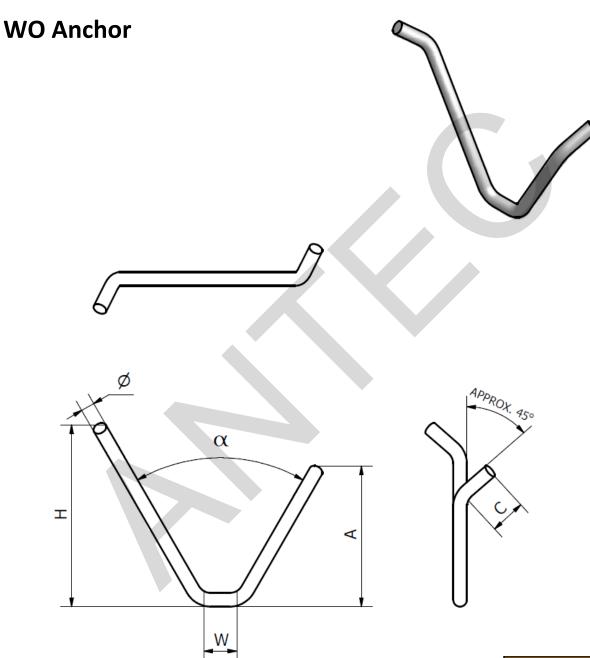
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

STANDARD SIZES				
TYPE	Н	Α	ANGLE	
WB 22	50	50	60	
WB 32	75	50	60	
WB 43	100	75	60	
WB 54	125	100	60	
WB 65	150	125	60	

AN 12



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

STANDARD SIZES				
TYPE	Н	Α	ANGLE	
WO 22	50	50	60	
WO 32	75	50	60	
WO 43	100	75	60	
WO 54	125	100	60	
WO 65	150	125	60	

AN 13 WN Anchor W 10 AN 13 I TACK WELD

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

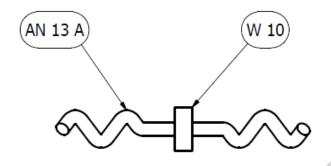
Unless otherwise noted.

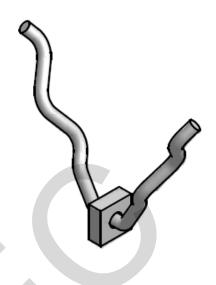
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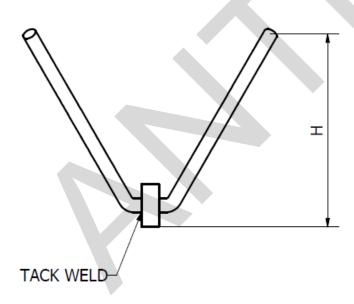
W 10

WASHER DETAIL

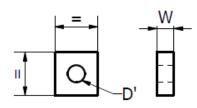
AN 13A VCPW Anchor











All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

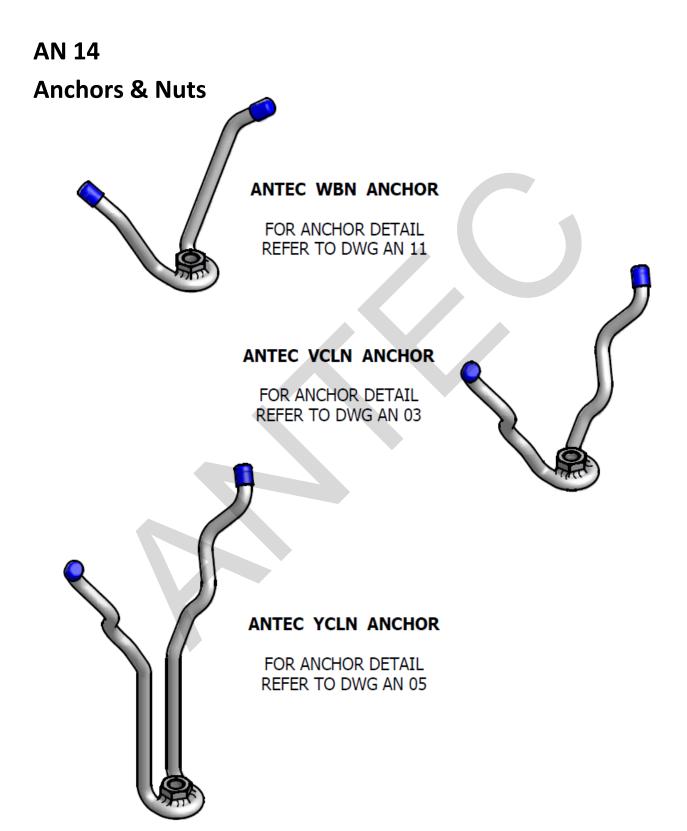
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

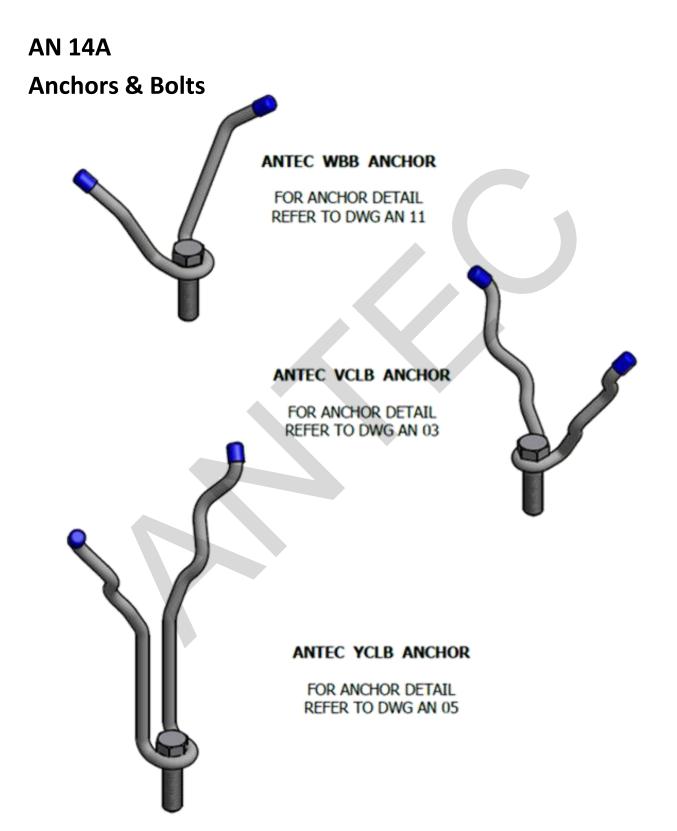
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

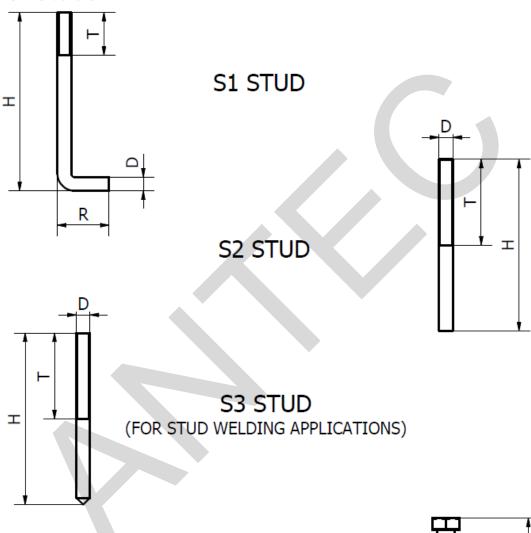
Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

W 10 WASHER DETAIL





AN 15 Anchor Studs

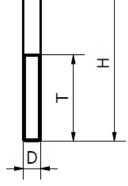


S4 STUD (STANDARD SIZE AS AVAILABLE)

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



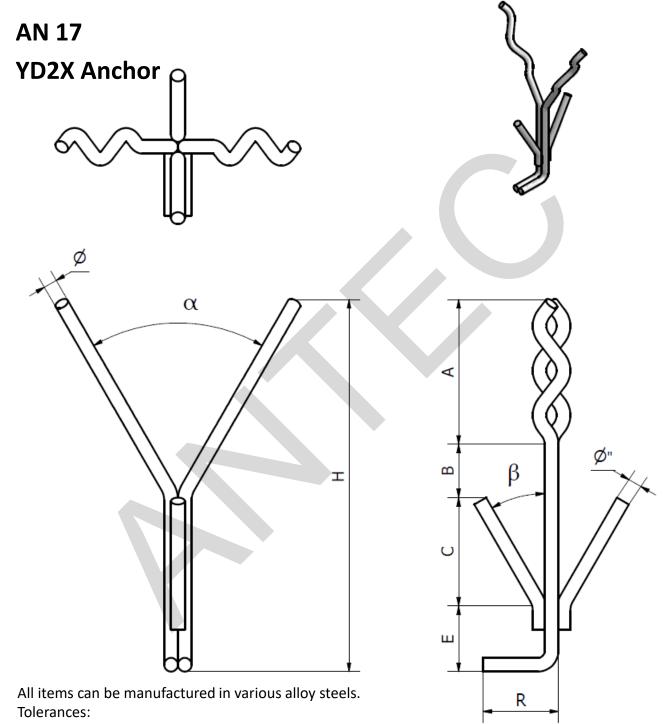
AN 16 YDX Anchor α I В All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.



+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

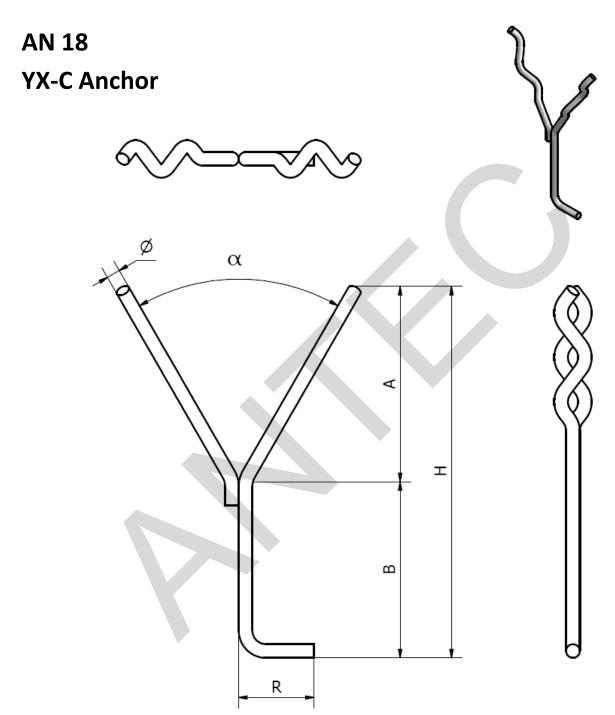
 $E_{min} = 25mm$ $W_{min} = 15mm$

AN 17A QN8 Anchor α I В All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions
- Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

Grade & Size of Nut to be specified by the Customer.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

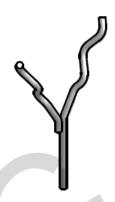
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

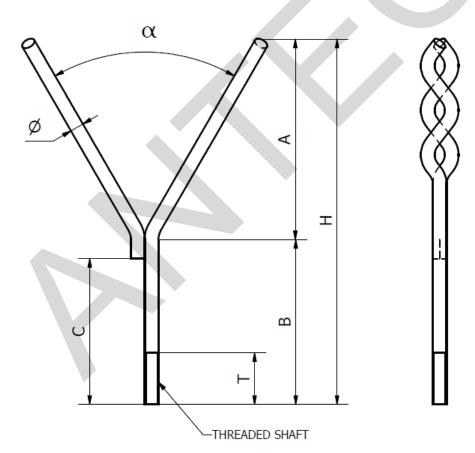
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 18A YX-CVCP Anchor (Threaded)





All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

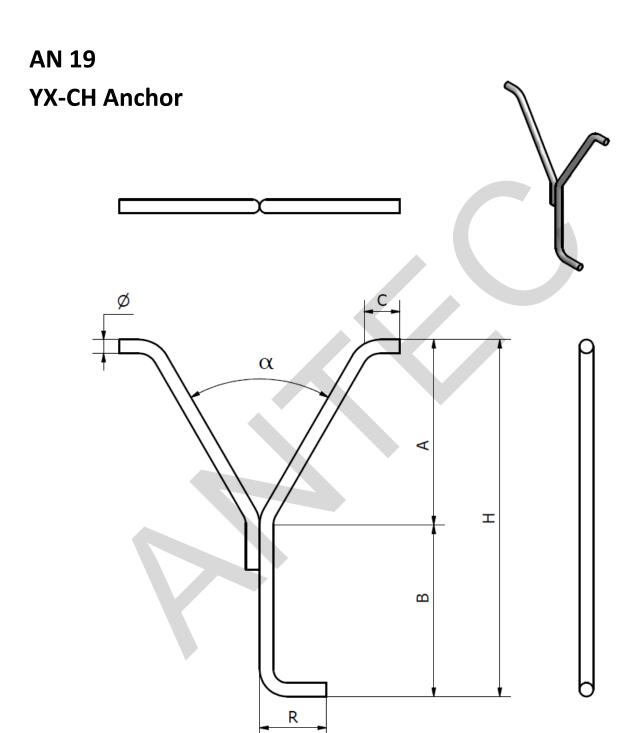
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

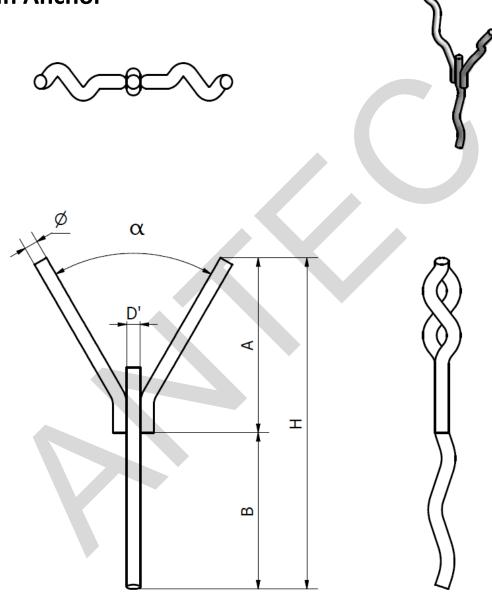
Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 20

Drive In Anchor



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

Drill Size = +2mm on material diameter i.e. 6mm = M8 Drill

AN 21

Twist Anchor PURCHASED POSITION INSTALLED POSITION I \mathbf{m} D

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

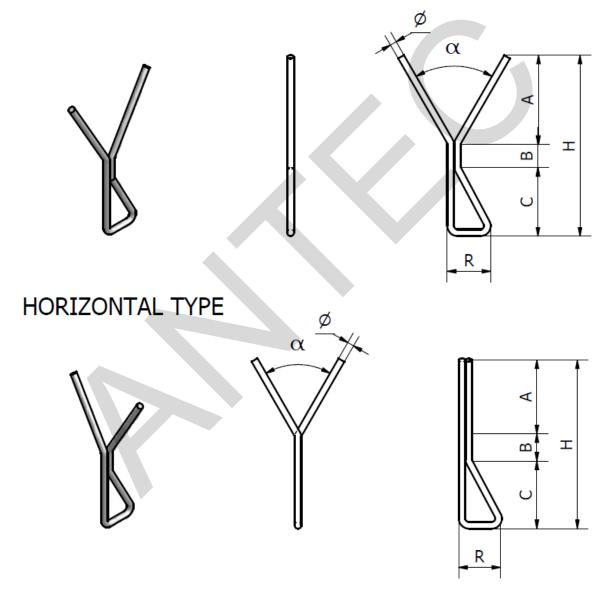
Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 22

Triangular Base Anchor

VERTICAL TYPE

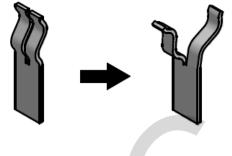


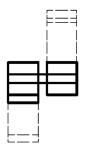
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

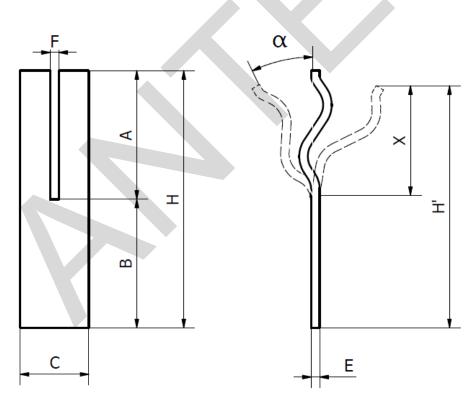
Unless otherwise noted.

AN 23 Split Tyne Anchor (Corrugated)





PURCHASED POSITION INSTALLED POSITION



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 24 Split Tyne Anchor INSTALLED POSITION PURCHASED POSITION α C Е

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

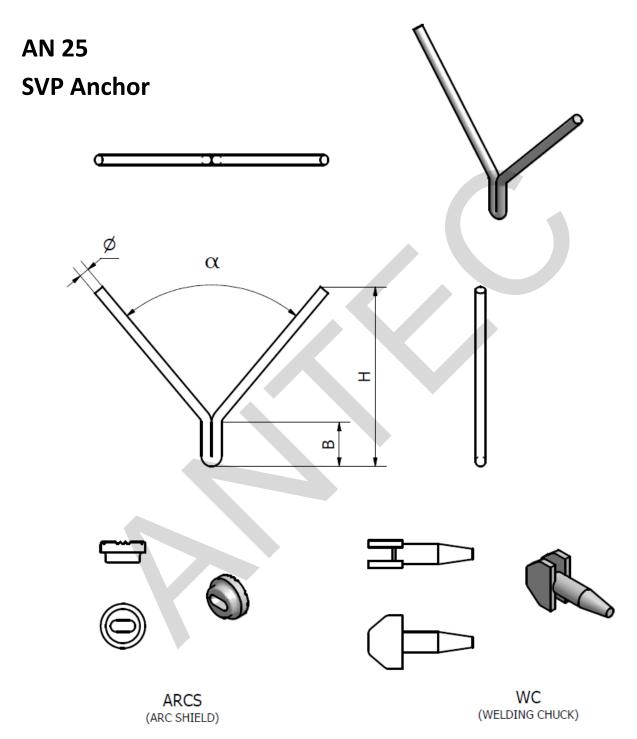
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

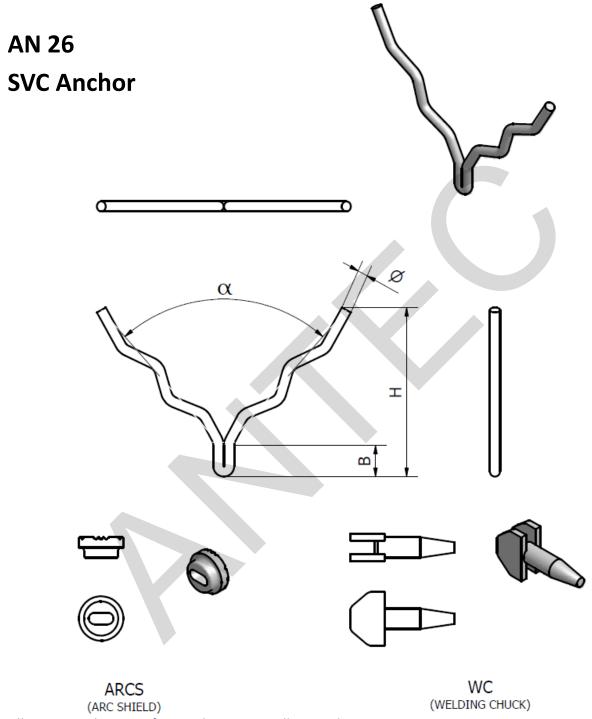
 $E_{min} = 3mm$ $E_{max} = 5mm$ $E_{min} = 5mm$ $C_{min} = 25mm$ $A_{max} = 100mm$



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

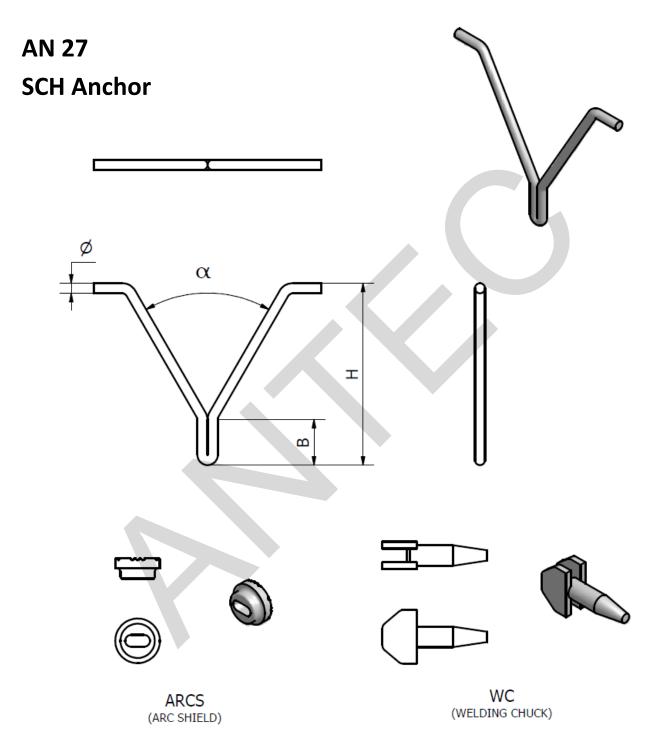
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

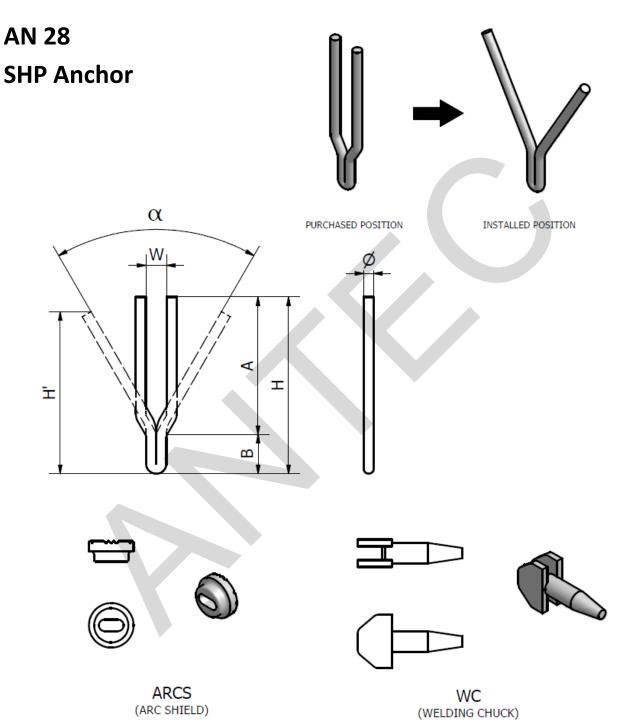
Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



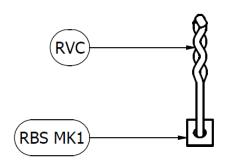
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

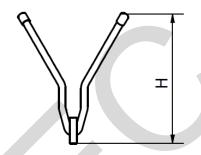
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

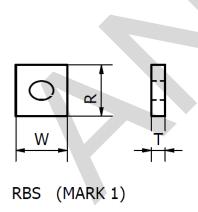
AN 29A

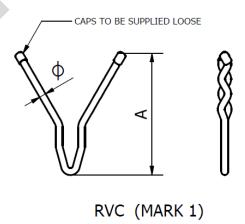
Rotalock System Mark I Type





ASSEMBLED MARK 1 ROTALOCK ANCHOR SYSTEM





All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

RBS Bases can be manufactured in carbon steel, 304, 310, 253 MA or high nickel alloy. Edges rounded on RBS if manufactured in carbon steel.

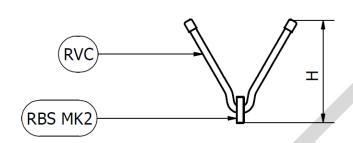
Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

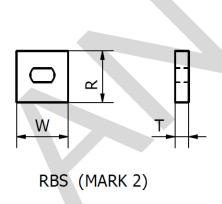
AN 29B

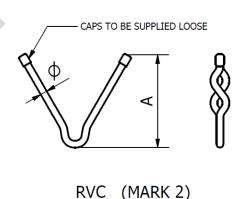
Rotalock System Mark II Type





ASSEMBLED MARK 2 EXTENDED BASE ROTALOCK ANCHOR





All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

RBS Bases can be manufactured in carbon steel, 304, 310, 253 MA or high nickel alloy. Edges rounded on RBS if manufactured in carbon steel.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

If $\emptyset = 8mm$ then R = 30mm

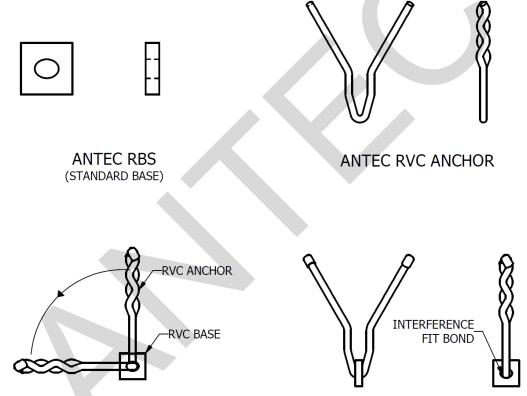
If $\emptyset = 10$ mm then R = 40mm

AN 29C

Rotalock System

The two piece ANTEC rotalock anchor system has unique technical, commercial and safety advantages. The rotalock anchor system consists of two separate parts:

- 1. A base piece (RBS) manufactured from flat bar having a precise shaped punched hole
- 2. A Vee anchor (RVC) manufactured in either 8mm or 10mm diameter wire



Assembly:

- 1. Base is welded to furnace shell
- 2. At the time of refractory installation the RVC anchor is horizontally threaded through the hold in the base
- 3. The RVC anchor is then rotated upwards to the vertical position and is held in place by interference fit

The shape of the RVC anchor and the size of the hole in the base has been calculated so that an interference fit bond occurs when the anchor top is rotated to the vertical position. There is no welding of the RVC anchor to the base. If the RVC anchor is rotated repeatedly from horizontal to vertical, the edges of the hole in the base will be increasingly deformed, reducing the tightness of the interference fit.

AN 29D

Rotalock Types Mark I & II

There are two variations of the rotalock systems. The both have identical principles.

ROTALOCK MARK I

The MARK I system has a larger hole in the RBS base. The larger hole allows clearance for a RVC Vee anchor with prefitted end caps or coating to be fed through the enlarged hole.

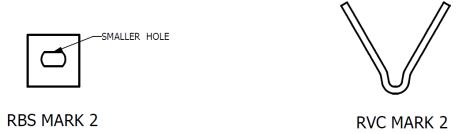
The interference fit is not as rigid or resilient to multiple rotation deformation as applies to the MARK II. The fit however, is very secure and widely use.



ROTALOCK MARK II

The MARK II type has a smaller hole in the base. A coated or capped RVC anchor cannot be threaded through the hold as there is insufficient clearance. If capping is required, it can be supplied loose and fitted during installation on site.

The MARK II system is a superior and stronger interference fit, with an improved tendency to retain grip after repeated rotations of the anchor in the hole. Refer drawing AN 29B for detailed dimensions.



AN 29E

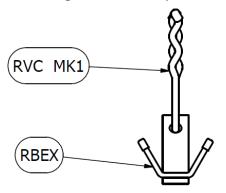
Standard Rotalock Anchor

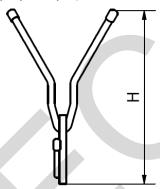
- 1. Refractory linings, such as refractory linings in rotary kilns, are subject to a small degree of movement of the refractory during operations and hence the anchor will be under stress to resist any movement. Additionally, stress occurs in the refractory as it tries to move against a rigid inflexible anchor. A non flexible standard anchor can therefore cause stress in the castable contributing to cracks occurring in the refractory lining. The rotalock system was developed to tackle these problems. Whilst the RBS base is firmly and securely welded to the furnace shell, the top RVC anchor has the capacity to move. Therefore the rotalock system has flexibility and can move to reduce stress in both the anchor and the refractory. As a result, the tendency for the lining to crack can be reduced and so obtain a reduction in anchor breakage.
- 2. The RBS base is usually manufactured in carbon steel. When welding to a carbon steel shell, a regular carbon steel electrode is all that is required. This simplifies the welding process and reduces the cost of the weld when compared to welding of higher grade stainless steel or high nickel alloy anchors. In addition to reduced costs, regular carbon steel rods are more commonly available, particularly in remote areas.
- **3.** The RVC anchor can be manufactured from whatever alloy the customer prefers without any concern for the cost or difficulty of welding the alloy. Because no welding is required to join the RVC anchor top to the RBS base.
- **4.** Rotalock anchors offer trafficking and safety advantages over traditional anchors. Traditional anchors are prewelded to the furnace shell prior to the refractory installation. These prewelded anchors stand up from the furnace shell. The forest of anchors, particularly in horizontal rotary kilns, makes it difficult for traffic in the kiln and for cleaning out of rubble before the refractory is installed. It represents a safety hazard for personnel tripping over or falling on top of anchors. It is not unusual for the traditional anchors to be trodden on and flattened out. When this occurs the anchors are normally hand bent back to their original shape. The rebending significantly increases the cold working effect on the anchor with subsequent reduction of working life of such anchors. The rotalock system does not have these problems. The only item that is welded to the furnace shell is the RBS base which is only approximately 30mm high and therefore does not suffer distortion or bending from traffic in the kilns. It is easy to clean rubble out prior to refractory installation and they have a much better safety feature due to their small size.
- **5.** Similarly for prefabricated vessels manufactured offsite, as only the 30mm high bases need to be installed it avoids a forest of anchors, simplifying transportation and erection at site without risk of damage.
- **6.** There is the possibility that the RBS base can be reused when relining the kiln, therefore considerably saving time and expense for repairs. In this event, anchors do not need to be ground off and rewelded. Whether the base is able to be reused is entirely dependant on the condition of the base and how many times the RVC anchor has been rotated in the base, if the edges in the hole of the RBS base have been too damaged from several rotations, the fit might not be tight enough and a light tack weld could be used to add rigidity to the RVC anchor in the RBS base. In this situation the cost again would be far less than removing and rewelding new anchors to the shell.
- **7.** Refer to drawing AN 30 for additional advantages that apply to using extended bases for multi layer linings.

AN 30A

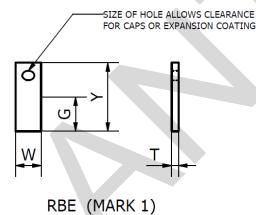
Extended Base Mark I Rotalock

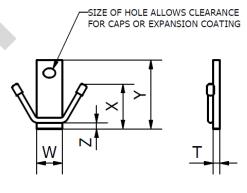
(Refer to drawing AN 29D for explanation of Mark I type principal)





ASSEMBLED MARK 1 EXTENDED BASE ROTALOCK ANCHOR





RBEX (MARK 1)

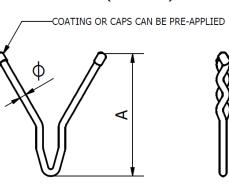
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. RBE & RBEX Bases can be manufactured in carbon steel, 304, 310 or high nickel alloy.

Arms can be made in same alloy as the base or lower grade alloy as suitable.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

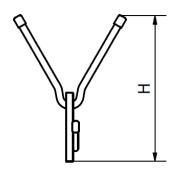


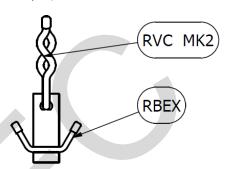
RVC (MARK 1)

AN 30B

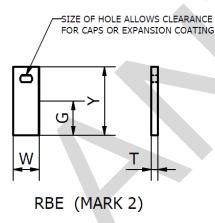
Extended Base Mark II Rotalock

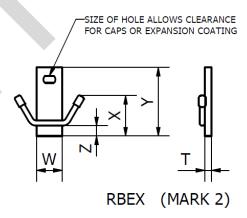
(Refer to drawing AN 29D for explanation of Mark I type principal)





ASSEMBLED MARK 2 EXTENDED BASE ROTALOCK ANCHOR





All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. RBE & RBEX Bases can be manufactured in carbon steel, 304, 310 or high nickel alloy.

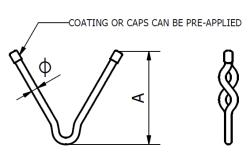
Arms can be made in same alloy as the base or lower grade alloy as suitable.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



RVC (MARK 2)

AN 30C

Extended Base Rotalock System

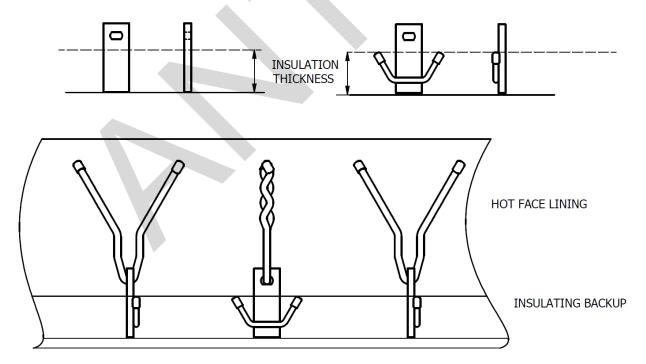
An **EXTENDED BASE ROTALOCK** is when the RBS base is extended and made longer than the standard 30mm OR 40mm high RBS base. The extended base is referred to as an **RB**.

For dual layer refractory linings the extended base rotalock has proven remarkably successful over the many years of use.

The height of the standard base is increased by the same amount as the back up lining thickness, so that the extended base (RB) protrudes through the back up lining by about 30-40mm.

The RB base can have an anchor welded to it to anchor the back up lining. This anchor is prewelded to the base; this reduces on site cost and time for welding of insulation anchorage to the furnace shell. This base with a welded anchor is referred to as an **RBX base**.

The standard RVC Vee anchor is used for the hot face.



LINING CONFIGURATION

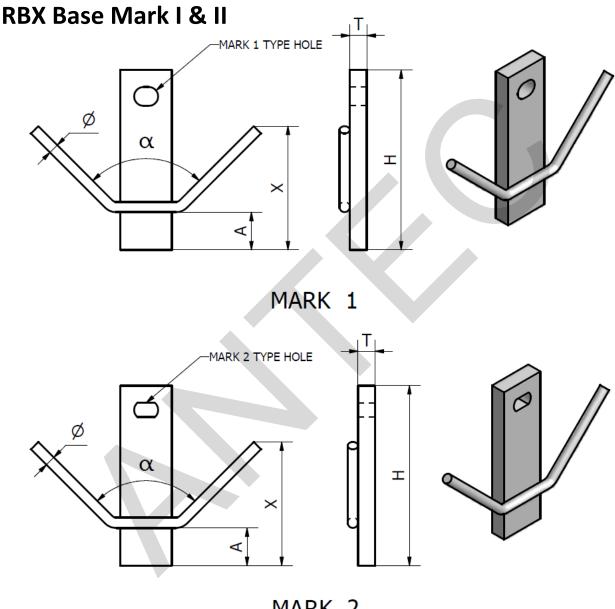
AN 30D

Extended Base Rotalock System

The extended base rotalock system has all the advantages of the standard rotalock system as detailed on drawing AN 29 E plus the following:

- 1. When installing the backup insulating refractory, the extended base (RBX) is the only part of the rotalock anchor system used. The RVC anchor is only installed after the insulation is completed and when the hot face refractory is to be installed. Without the hot face anchorage in place it significantly simplifies installation of the backup lining, giving better control. The rotalock base height gives good height gauge for lining thickness control and it is easier to trim back excess thickness of insulating lining between the short base pieces extending through the back up lining.
- 2. Historically when conventional anchors break in service, it is most often at the interface of the back up lining and the hot face lining. Differing stresses and other reasons have shown that it is crucial to consider the strength of the anchor at the interface to help reduce failure during operation. The extended rotalock has a cross section area at the interface of 300mm² or equal to the approximate cross section areas of a 20mm diameter round bar. The extended rotalock has proven resistant to breakage at this point due to its strength and mass. No reported breakage at the interface has ever been reported over many years of usage of the system. Also, as there is no cold working or bending at the interface point, there is no acceleration of thermally induced embrittlement under operating temperatures.
- 3. When repairing dual layer linings anchored with Extended Bases Rotalocks, some operators only replace the hot face refractory and do not remove the insulation back up. Because the rotalock system is separable, the RVC anchor can be readily replaced whilst leaving the RBX base intact. When this applies the time saving and cost saving is of major consideration and summarised as follows:
 - a) Insulation not needed to be replaced saving on demolition cost, new insulating refractory supply and reinstallation costs.
 - b) Anchors do not have to be ground off from the shell.
 - c) The repair of the hot face can generally be carried out by the one trade, not requiring welding. (In the case of repeated rotation of the RVC anchor bases, the edges of the hole creating the interference fit will be increasingly deformed, progressively reducing the tightness. In that case a light tack weld may be needed to give the RVC sufficient strength to remain vertical. Even if this applies, the savings are still considerable.)
- 4. The rotalock system is supplied as two separate pieces. The RBX base may not be subjected to the same temperature and operational conditions as the RVC top. Therefore if preferred, the RBX base can be manufactured from a lower and less expensive alloy grade. This not only decreases supply cost, but could mean lower cost welding wire.
- 5. With a one piece conventional anchor, the entire anchor needs to be manufactured from alloy appropriate to the most demanding conditions. Stainless alloys are subject to thermally induced embrittlement when operating in a temperature zone generally between approximately 600°C and 900°C. If a furnace temperature is say 1100°C, due to the temperature gradient through the lining thickness, some section along the length of the anchor will be exposed to this undesirable embrittling effect of this temperature zone. Therefore because the rotalock is a two piece system, it allows the customer a choice to use a higher and more effective grade in the part of the rotalock anchor system enabling it to operate in this temperature zone.

AN 30E



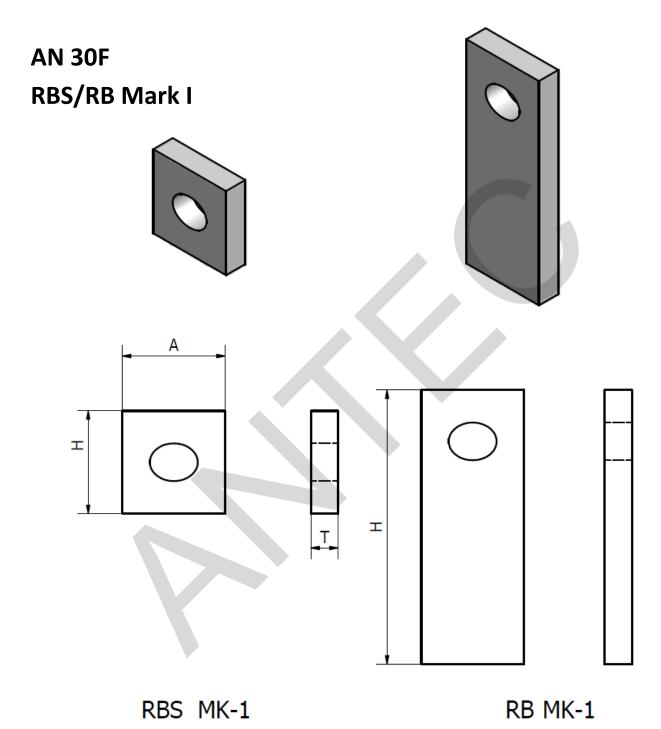
MARK 2

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Caps can be supplied if requested. The angle alpha must be specified when ordering. For quoting purposes, please specify X (Backup lining thickness) and H (Full base height = X + 30mm). Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

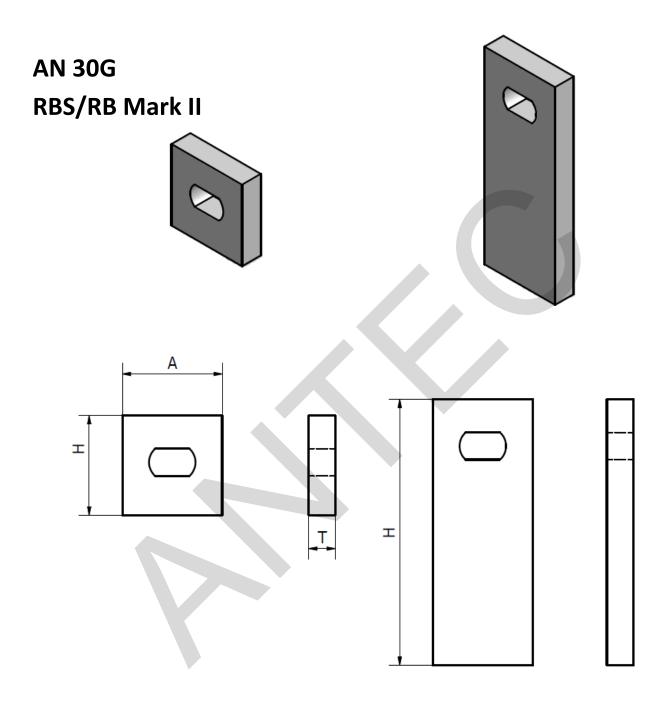
Unless otherwise noted.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Edges rounded on RBS if manufactured in carbon steel. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



RBS MK-2

RB MK-2

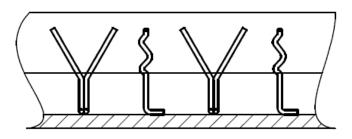
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Edges rounded on RBS if manufactured in carbon steel. Tolerances:

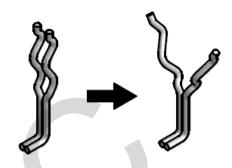
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 31

FC Anchor

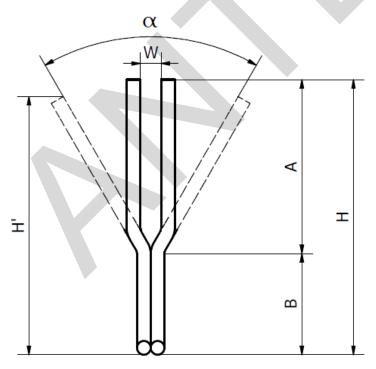


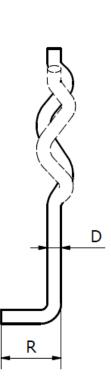


INSTALLED POSITION

PURCHASED POSITION

FIBERCAST ANCHORS (FC) SUPPLIED WITH TYNES PARALLEL; AFTER INSULATION LINING IS INSTALLED, THE TYNES ARE BENT OUT TO FORM A VEE AND THE HOT FACE REFRACTORY IS INSTALLED.





All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 32 HP Anchor α PURCHASED POSITION INSTALLED POSITION Ī В WASHER DETAIL **FINAL**

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

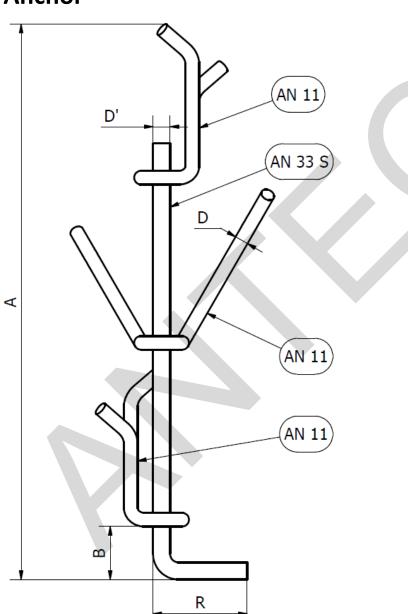
Unless otherwise noted.

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ASSEMBLY DETAIL

AN 33

WNL Anchor



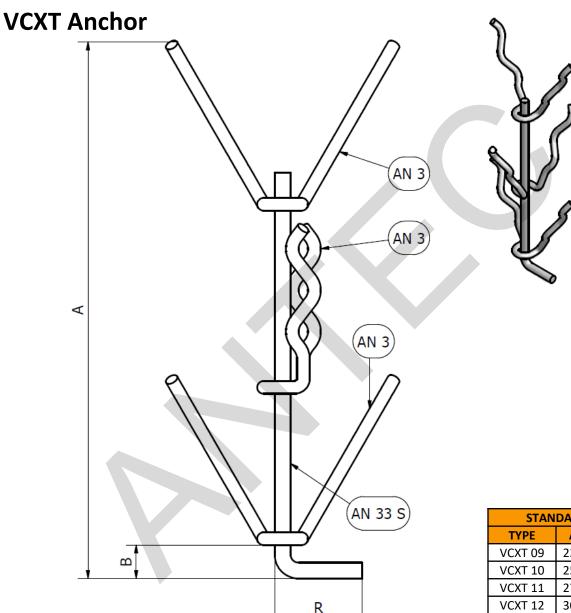
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. All welded anchor height will be evenly spaced unless specified. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

CTANDADD CIZEC		
STANDARD SIZES		
Α	# of WB 43	
225	2	
250	2	
275	2	
300	2	
325	3	
350	3	
375	3	
400	3	
425	4	
450	4	
475	4	
500	4	
525	5	
	225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500	

AN 33A



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. All welded anchor height will be evenly spaced unless specified. Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

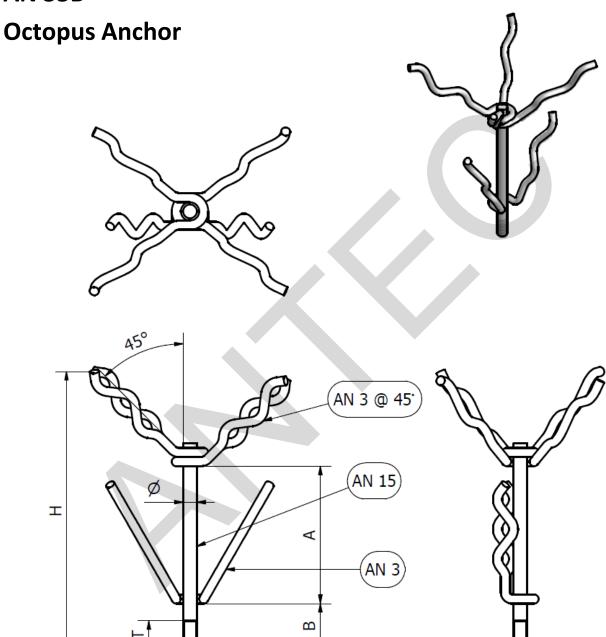
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

STANDARD SIZES			
TYPE	Α	# of WB 43	
VCXT 09	225	2	
VCXT 10	250	2	
VCXT 11	275	2	
VCXT 12	300	2	
VCXT 13	325	3	
VCXT 14	350	3	
VCXT 15	375	3	
VCXT 16	400	3	
VCXT 17	425	4	
VCXT 18	450	4	
VCXT 19	475	4	
VCXT 20	500	4	
VCXT 21	525	5	

AN 33B



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

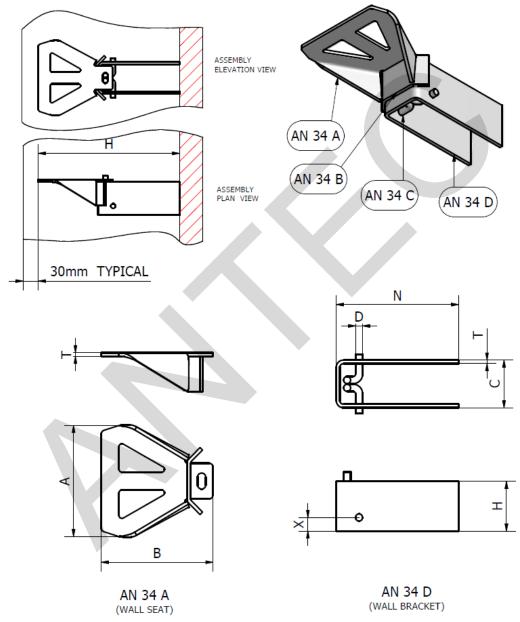
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 34

Wall Seat Anchor

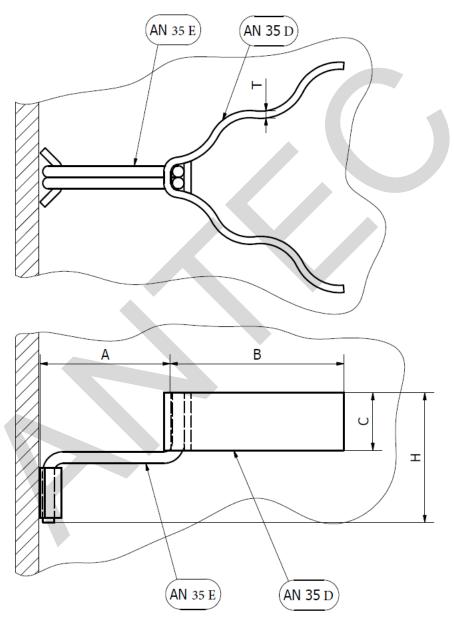


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Standard Size of dimension B = 157mm Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 35A PV Anchor (with Z bar)



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

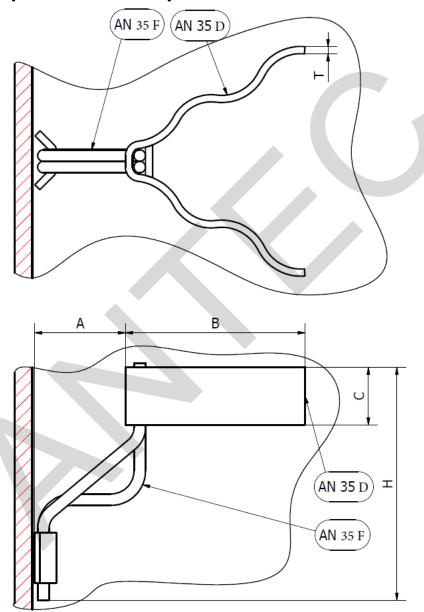
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 35B

PV Anchor (with ZBM bar)



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

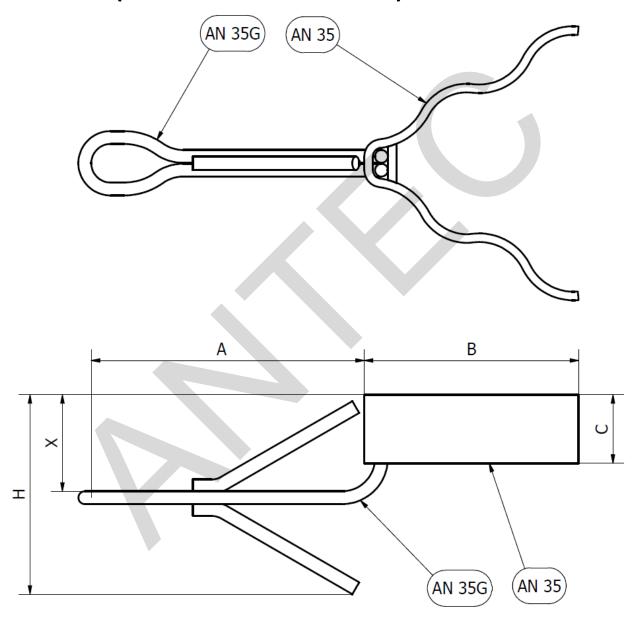
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 35C
PV Anchor (with AN 70 Hook Anchor)



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

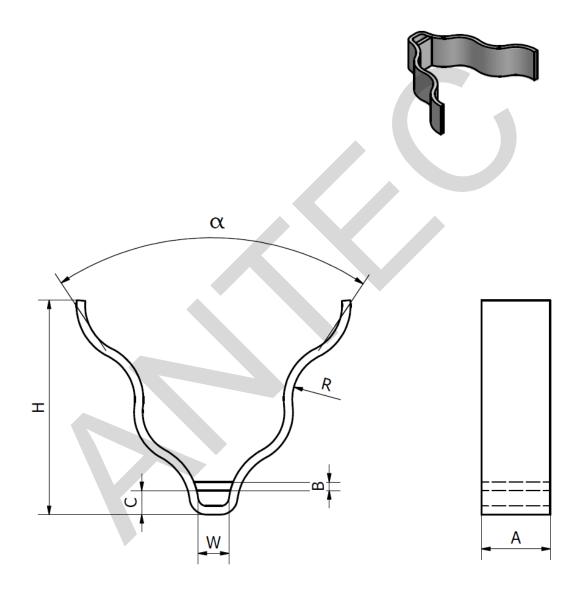
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 35D PV Anchor



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

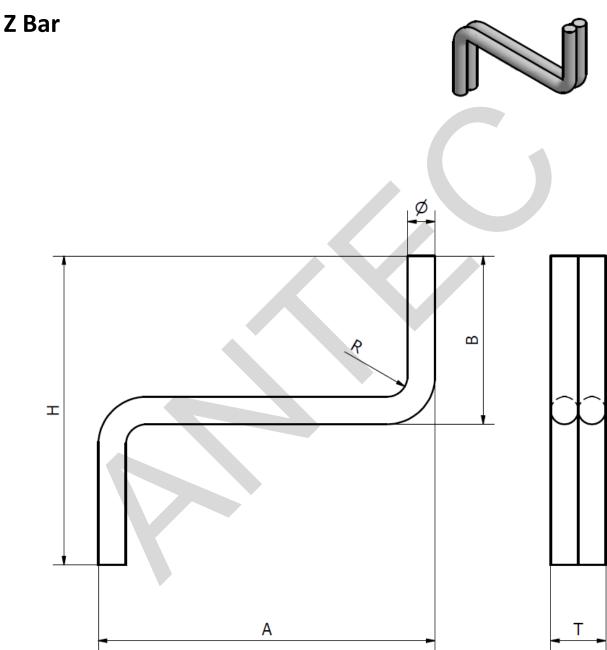
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 35E

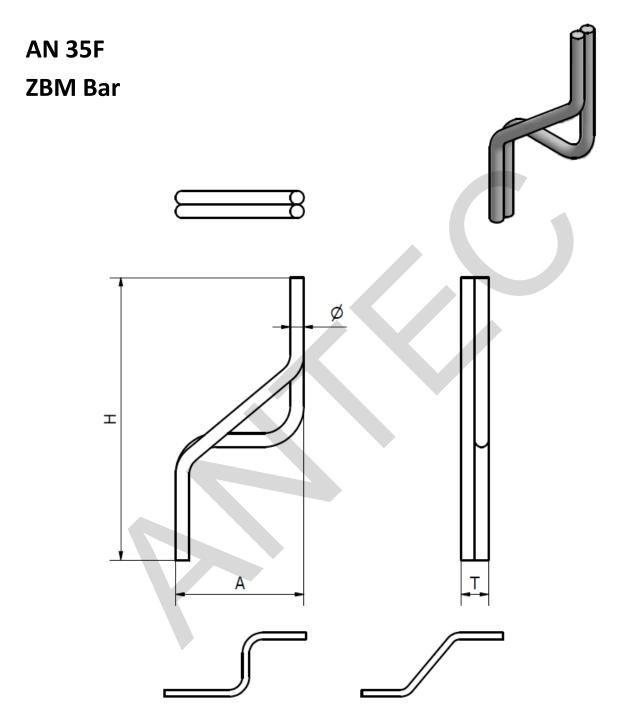


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

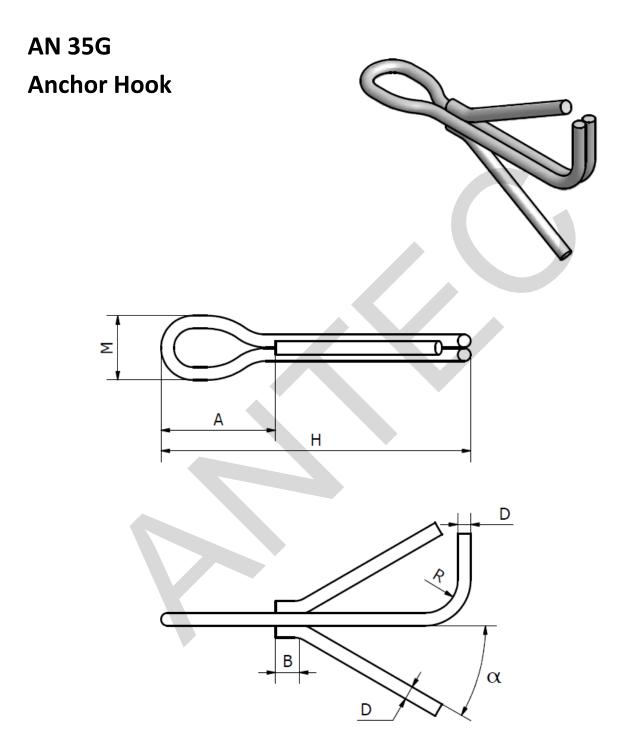


INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

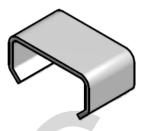


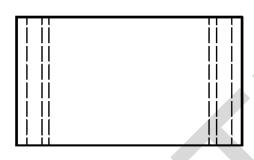
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

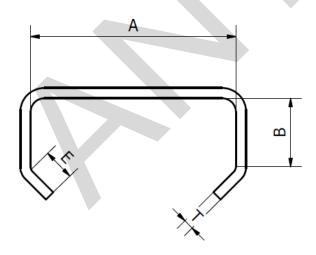
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

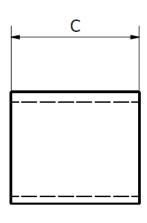
Unless otherwise noted.

AN 36 C Clip Type 1









All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Anchor brick type to be specified at time of order.

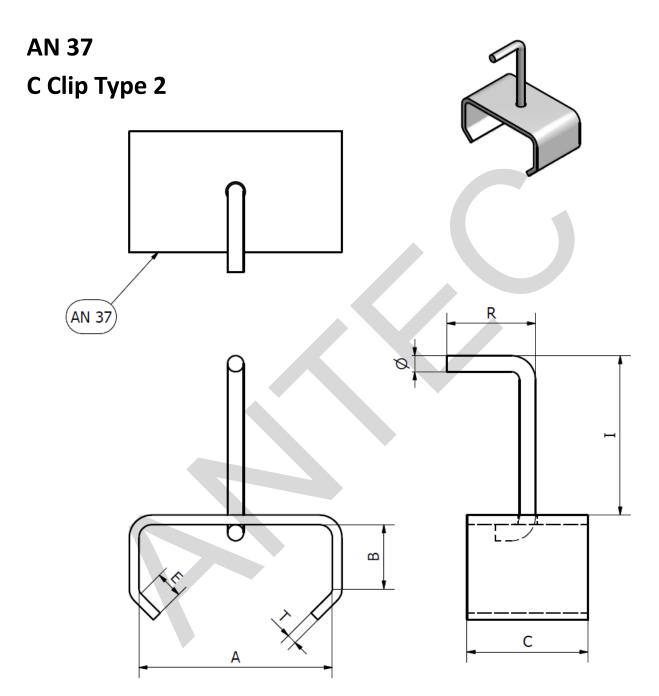
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

T = 6mm TYP.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Anchor brick type to be specified at time of order.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

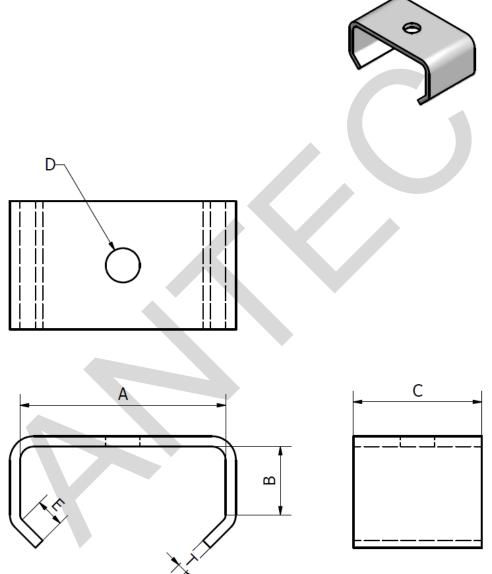
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

T = 6mm TYP.

AN 38

C Clip Type 3



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Anchor brick type to be specified at time of order.

Tolerances:

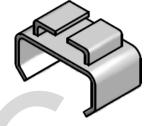
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

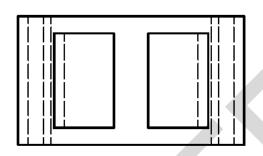
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

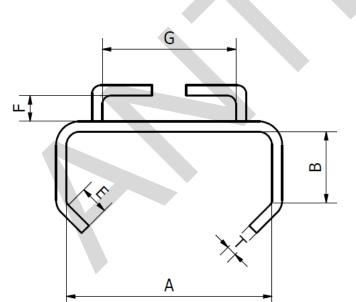
Unless otherwise noted.

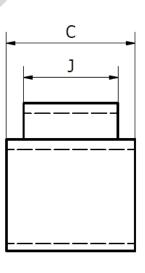
T = 6mm TYP.

AN 39 C Clip Type 4









All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Anchor brick type to be specified at time of order.

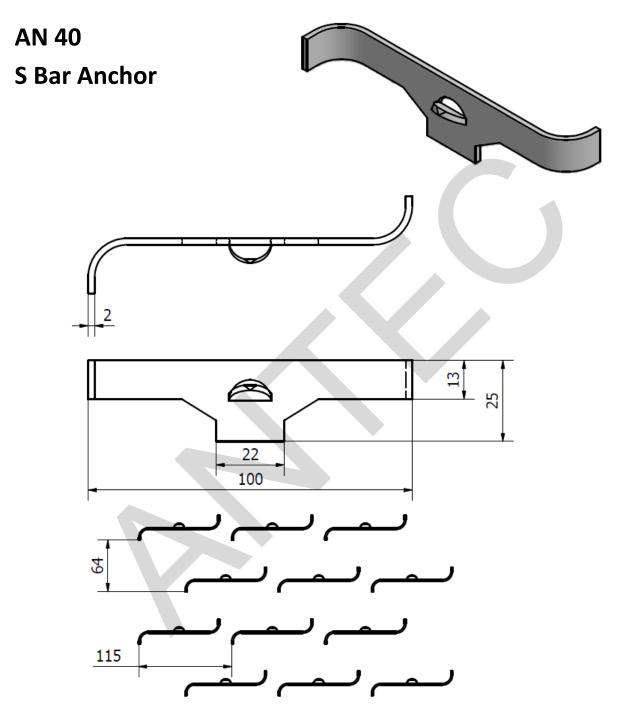
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

T = 6mm TYP.



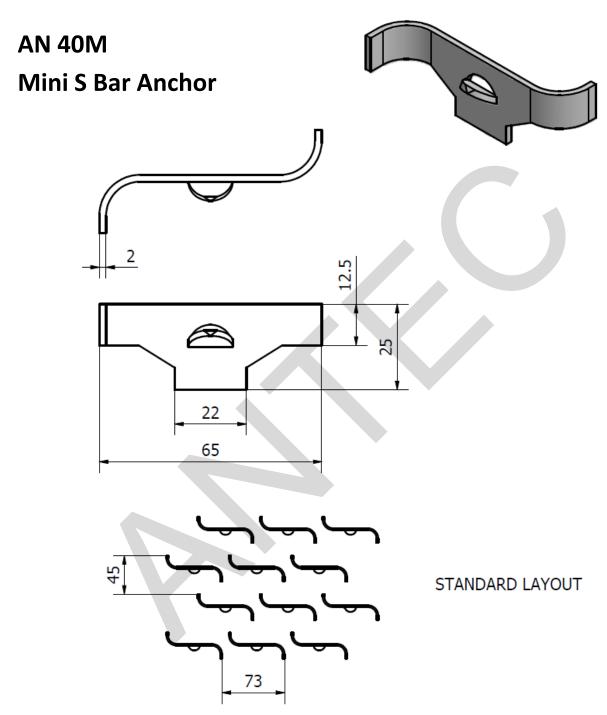
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Common height dimensions can be 19, 25 or 50 mm but can be altered to suit project requirements.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

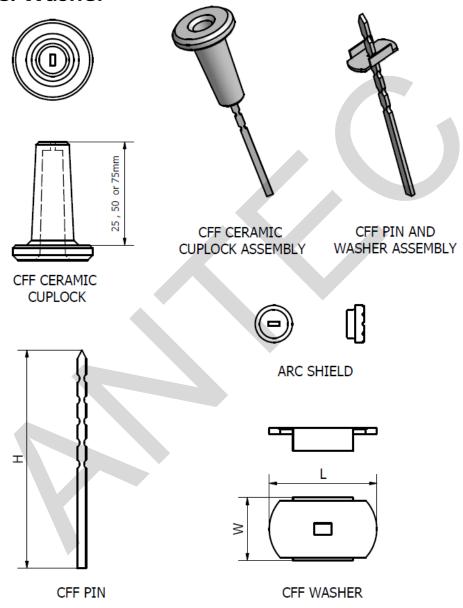
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Common height dimensions can be 19, 25 or 50 mm but can be altered to suit project requirements.

AN 41 – A2 CFF Pin & Washer

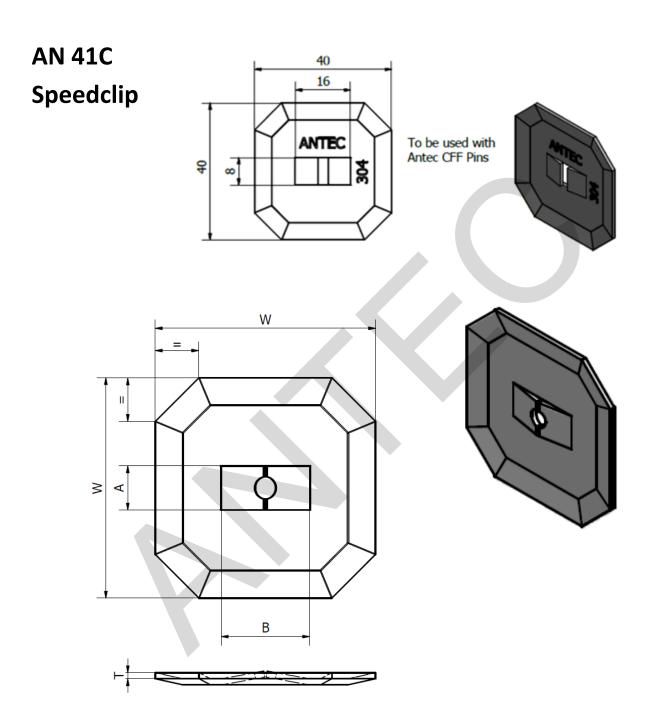


CERAMIC FIBRE ANCHORING SYSTEM

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



Speedclips are available in carbon steel 304, 310 & other grades upon request. Clips can be made to suit 3, 5, or 6 mm diameter pins and Antec CFF (Flat) Pins. Tolerances:

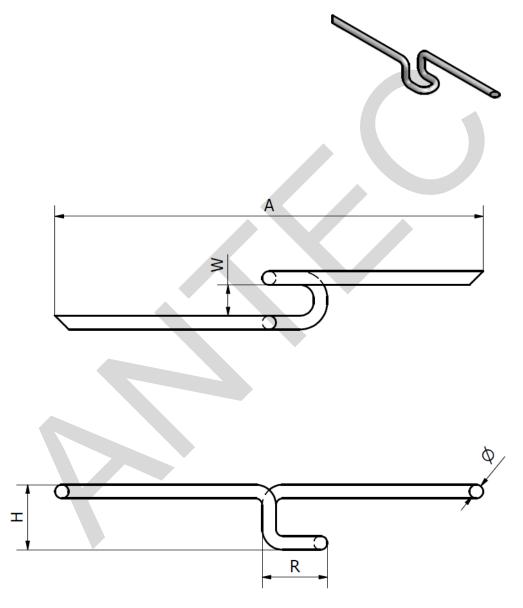
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Typical Thickness T = 0.55 mm.

AN 42A Wireform Spearlock



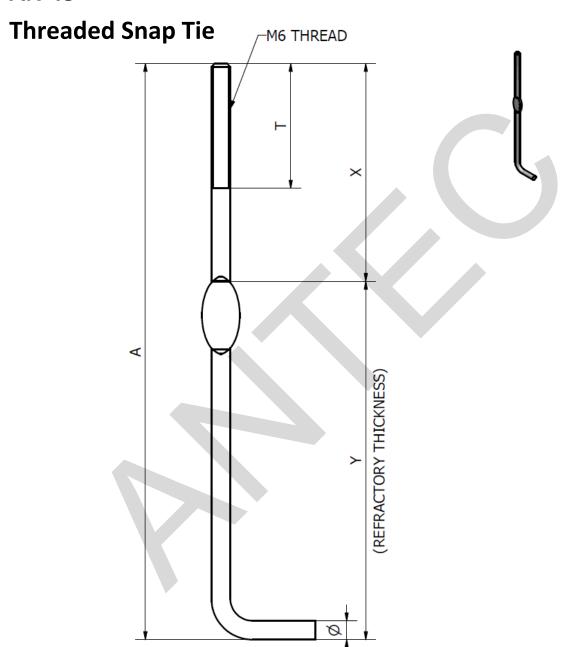
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 43



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Note: Maximum thread length 40mm M6.

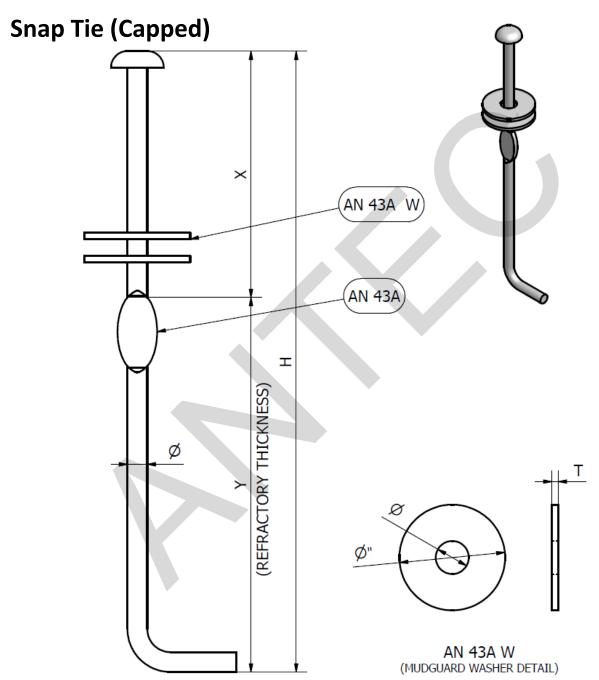
Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 43A

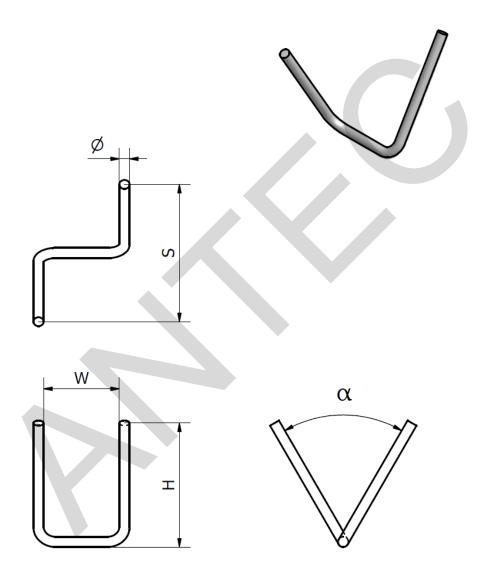


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 44 BT Anchor



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

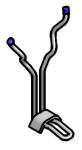
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

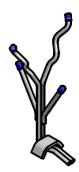
Unless otherwise noted.

AN 56

Straplock System

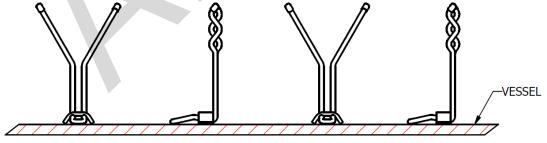






Advantages of the Antec Straplock system:

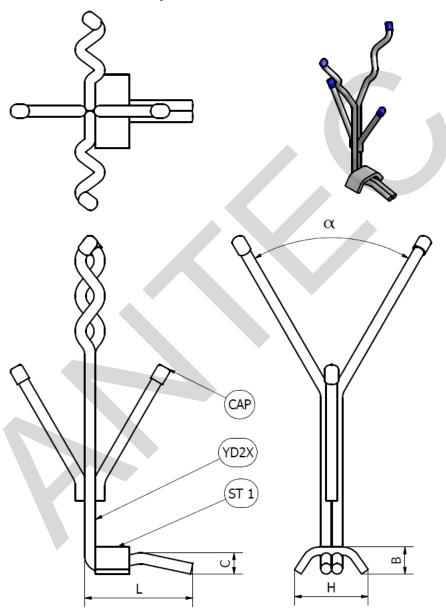
- 1. The V anchor is held securely by the Strap or Cleat but also has the ability to move with the lining, reducing stresses in the castable (for reduced crack potential) and stresses on the anchor (for reduced breakage potential).
- 2. While the V anchor has the ability to move with the lining at the same time it is held securely by the Strap so there is no chance of it collapsing when installing refractory.
- 3. The Cleat or Strap is welded to the furnace shell before the V anchor is inserted; therefore the V anchor is not subject to damage from foot or equipment traffic in kiln. This overcomes a common issue of re-bending welded V anchors that were bent prior to installation of refractory. Re-bending of welded anchors can also reduce service performance.
- 4. The Cleat or Strap can be manufactured from a lower grade alloy or carbon steel as it is at the back of the lining. This can result in lower raw material costs and lower welding costs as less expensive, commonly available electrodes can be used.
- 5. Improves safety for traffic in kiln as the V anchors are only installed just prior to the installation of the lining, thereby avoiding the "forest of anchors". The Antec Straplock also simplifies the handling of prefabricated components.
- 6. The Antec Straplock has the potential to reuse the bases when repairing or relining, saving on downtime, welded anchor removal, welding time and cost for replacements.
- 7. The V anchors can be installed into the straps in a directional radial pattern along the kiln. This can facilitate fast demolition as jack hammering can be done along the kiln in the opposite direction so that the anchor easily comes out of the strap and no angle grinding is required.



- 8. The straps can be reused after demolition. This anchor design utilises a resistance grip, not an interference grip, to hold the V anchor in place allowing anchors to be replaced without the need to replace the strap.
- Utilising a YDX anchor increases cross sectional area to resist stresses and horizontal forces. For thicker linings it also enables extra prongs to be welded to the closed legs for increased anchorage.

AN 56A

YD2X with Cleat or Strap



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

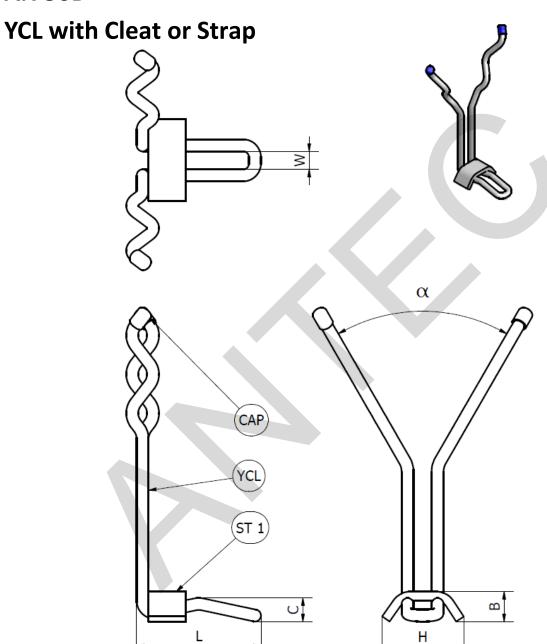
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Caps can be supplied if requested.

AN 56B



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

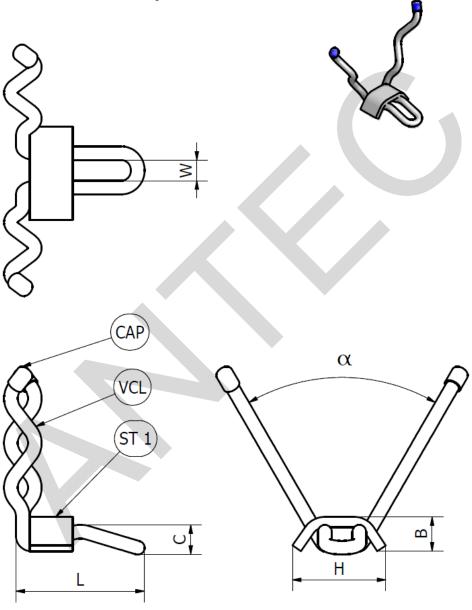
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Caps can be supplied if requested.

AN 56C

VCL with Cleat or Strap



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

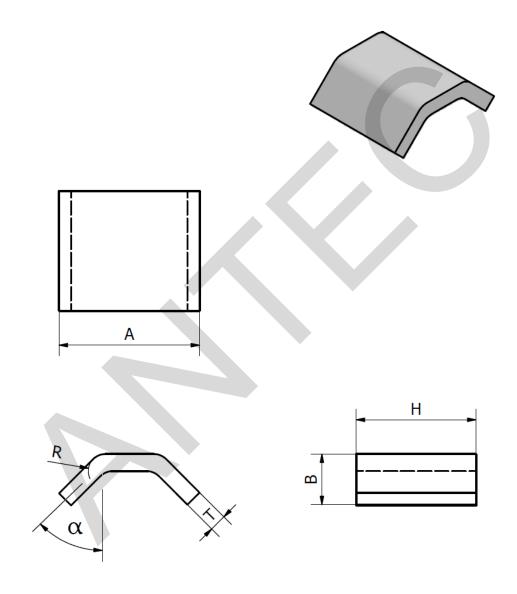
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Caps can be supplied if requested.

AN 56D

Strap

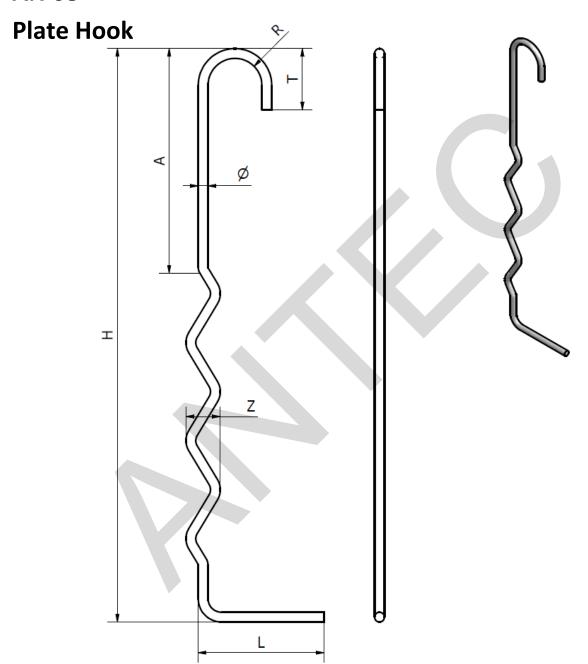


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

AN 68



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

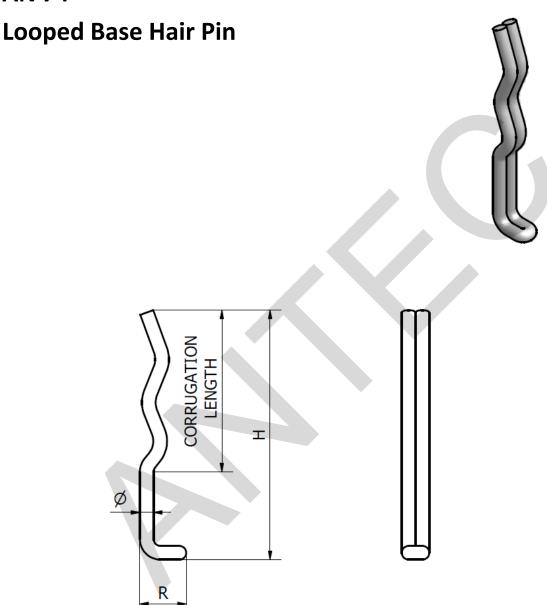
+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

AN 74



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. All dimensions are to be specified by the customer at time. Tolerances:

+/- 3mm on Dimensional

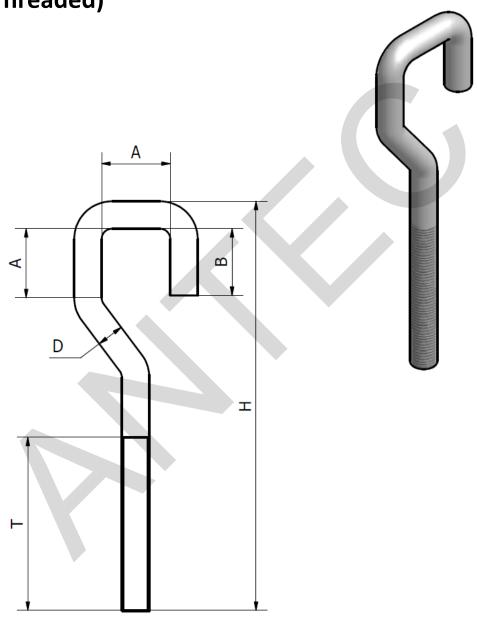
+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted

Corrugation as drawn is diagrammatic only.

Typical wire diameters are 6 and 8 mm.

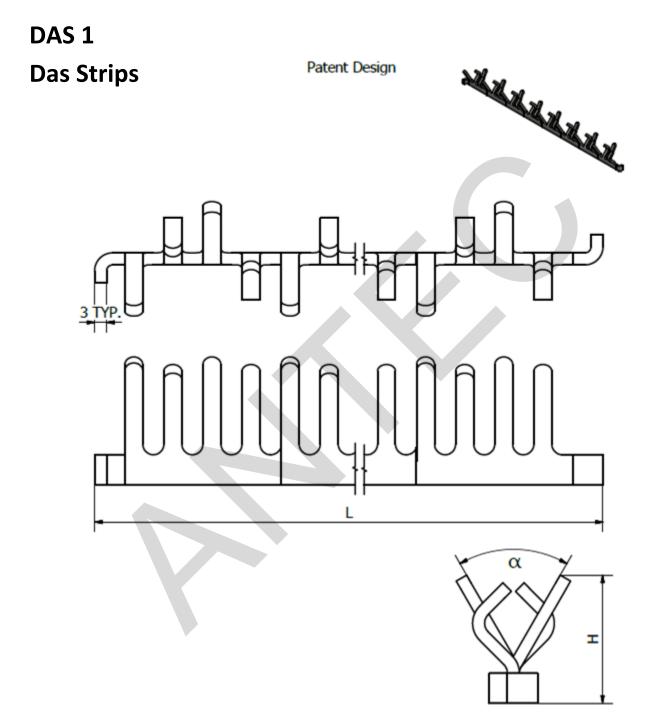
AN 75 Hook (Threaded)



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

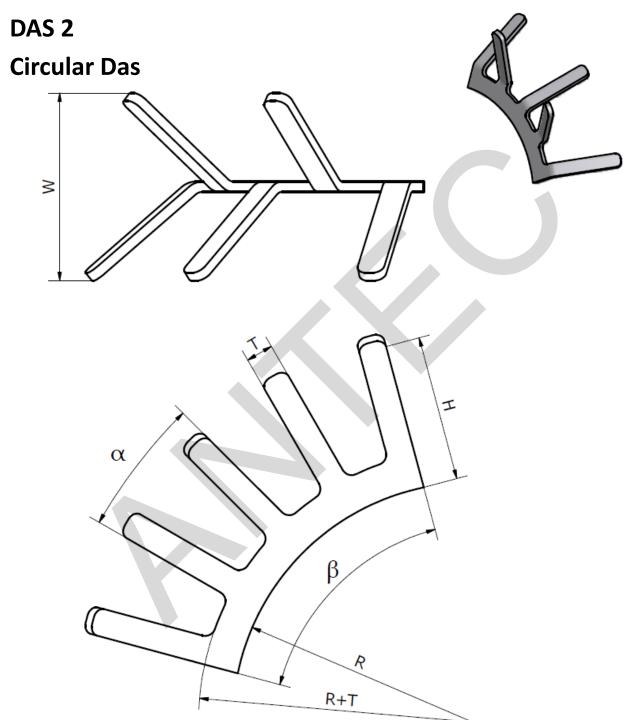


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



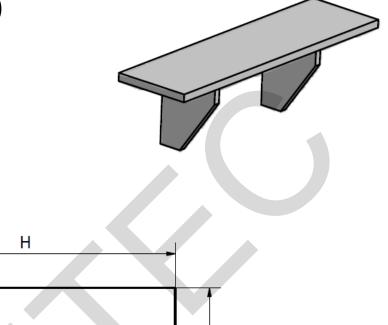
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

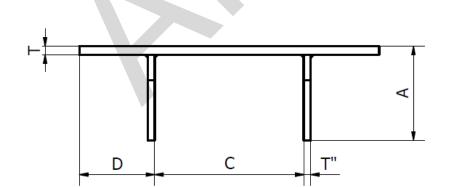
Tolerances:

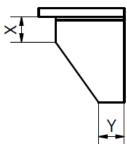
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

SB 1
Shelf Bracket (Long)







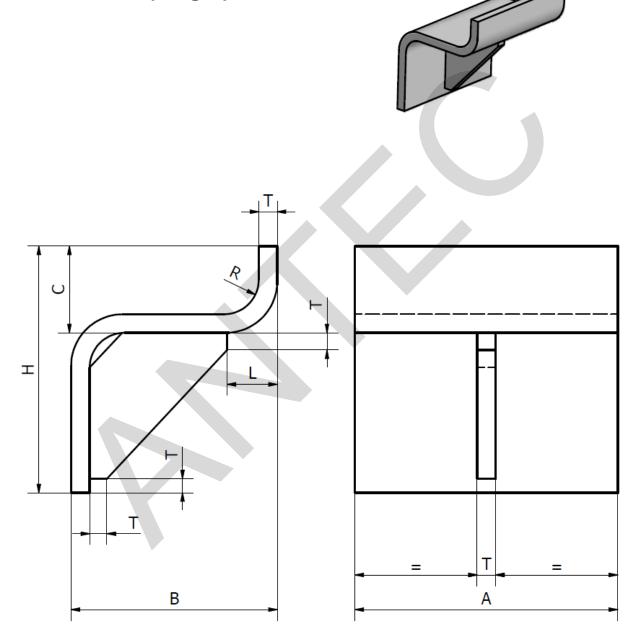
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

SB 2
Shelf Bracket (Single)



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

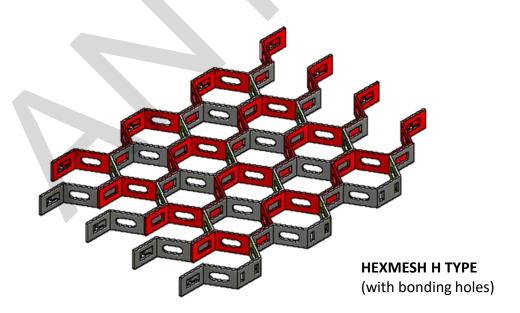
Unless otherwise noted.

Hexmesh

Antec has been manufacturing hexagonal mesh for more than two decades, so we understand the strict performance and technical requirements that exist across a range of industries, including the major oil companies.

Whether you need standard size panels, custom-shapes or rolled products, Antec has the equipment, expertise and experience to meet your needs quickly and costeffectively.

- Automated laser cut production facilities for speed and consistency
- Extensive selection of common shapes and sizes in stock including punch tabs
- Full in-house design and manufacturing for fast turnarounds on custom designs
- Range of stainless steel and carbon steel in stock and ready to go including alloy 304, 310, 253MA. Other materials can be supplied on request.
- Flexibility to deliver many specialty applications such as wear resistant materials
- Contact us for detailed drawings and specifications on our range





HEX 1

Antec Hexagonal Mesh

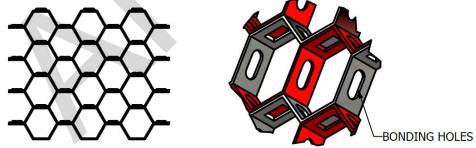
Unless specifically requested, all hexagonal mesh supplied by Antec will be manufactured with the stronger double clenched joining system as described below. An older style, using independent rivets to join the hex together is available, but must be specifically requested. Information on this older style can be supplied separately if needed.

All comments below are based on the doubled clenched joining system type. Hexmetal is manufactured in depths of 19mm, 25mm or 50mm with two different styles available:

1) Lance tab (L type) - this style has lance tabs protruding from the walls of the hexagonal cell to act as anchorage for the refractory . If the refractory is being gun applied the lances may cause a shadow effect with a void forming behind the lances.



2) Bonding hole (H type) - instead of lance tabs, holes are punched through the walls of the hexmetal cell. Refractory can then flow through these holes to achieve a bond from one cell to another.

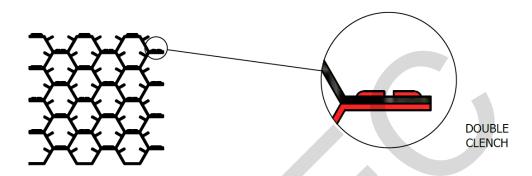


All hexmetal except 19mm is available as an offset or stepped type construction. The stepped type hexmetal has a shorter depth rib joining the full depth rib. Whilst both ribs are flush at the top surface, the shorter rib forms a gap on the back face. This gap at the back of the hexmetal allows the refractory to flow through it and hence creates a strong refractory bond between adjoining cells.

The 50mm deep hexmetal is only manufactured as stepped constructions.



HEX 2 Double Clench Joining System



HEXMETAL CELL DETAIL

The most frequently supplied hexagonal mesh that Antec provides, is bonded by the unique double clenched holding system shown above. This type of bonding is widely recognised as providing a higher strength hexmetal.

A strong hex makes for a superior refractory lining.

A strong hexmetal keeps gaps between the adjoining hex rib to a minimum and also holds the panels of the hexmetal together more tightly when rolling to shape. Any small gaps (such as occur when rolling) cannot be adequately filled with refractory concrete. The non consolidated gap is then subject to ingress from the abrasive medium in the gas flow. The abrasive medium can ultimately track in behind the refractory/ hexmetal lining causing failure.

If hexagonal mesh is not tight and secure under operating conditions, the hex can "chatter" from vibration or any movement. This in turn can cause the refractory to crack or dislodge from the hexagonal cells.

When exposed to operating temperatures, the strength of the steel is significantly reduced. Therefore any additional strength incorporated into the fundamental design at ambient temperature will be of a greater benefit under the hot operating conditions.

HEX 3
Hexagonal Mesh Types

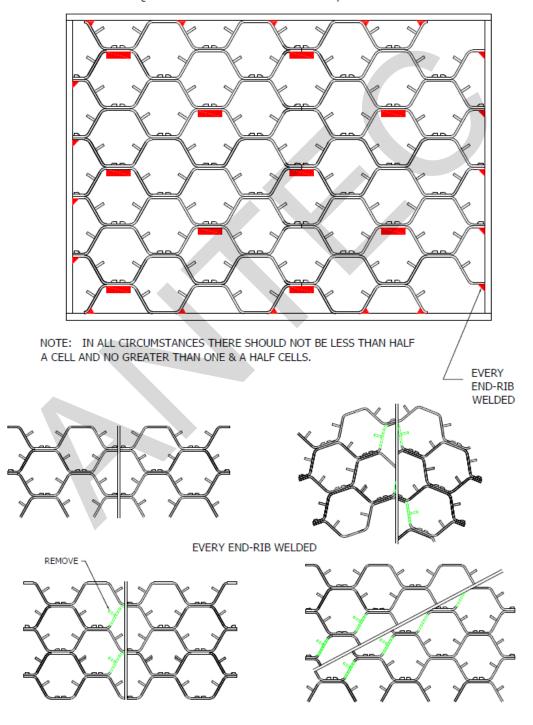
LANCE TAB TYPE	
L 19	Constant 19mm Rib Thickness
L 25	Constant 25mm Rib Thickness
L 25/19 (1:1)	25mm Stepped Hex with Every Alternate Rib 19mm
L 25/19 (1:3)	25mm Stepped Hex with 1 Rib x25mm then 3 x19mm
L 50/25 (1:1)	50mm Stepped Hex with Every Alternate Rib 25mm
L 50/25 (1:3)	50mm Stepped Hex with 1 Rib x50mm then 3 x25mm

BONDING HOLE TYPE	
H 19	Constant 19mm Rib Thickness
H 25	Constant 25mm Rib Thickness
H 25/19 (1:1)	25mm Stepped Hex with Every Alternate Rib 19mm
H 25/19 (1:3)	25mm Stepped Hex with 1 Rib x25mm then 3 x19mm
H 50/25 (1:1)	50mm Stepped Hex with Every Alternate Rib 25mm
H 50/25 (1:3)	50mm Stepped Hex with 1 Rib x50mm then 3 x25mm

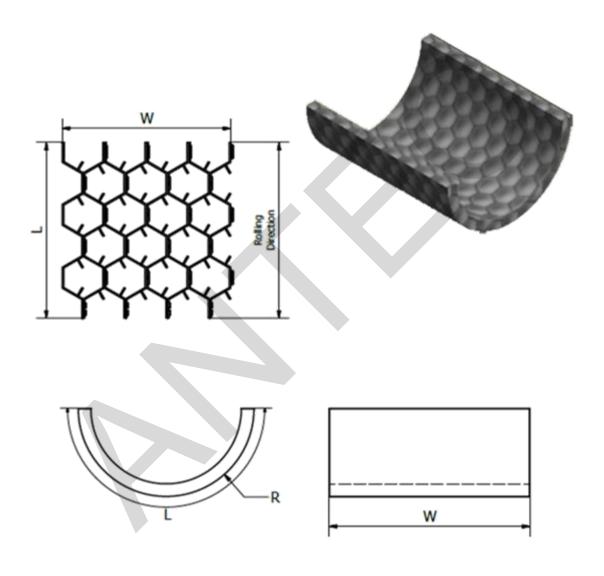
Ratios and configurations can be varied to suit customers requirements.

HEX 4 Hexmesh Layout & Fixing Details

WELD FREQUENCY OF EVERY SECOND CELL, EVERY SECOND ROW



HEX 5
Rolled Hex Section

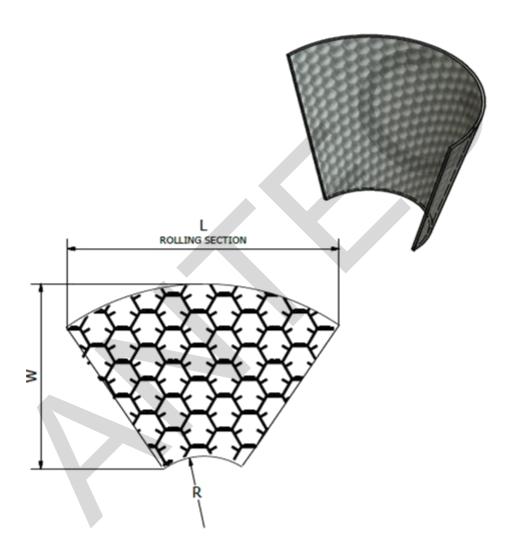


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

HEX 6
Rolled Cone Section

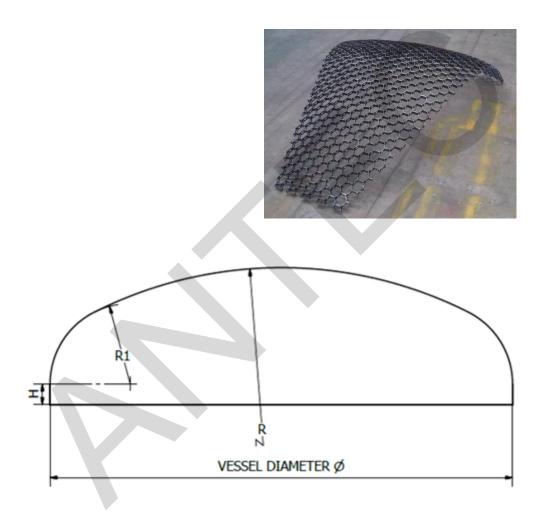


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

HEX 7
Rolled Dome Section

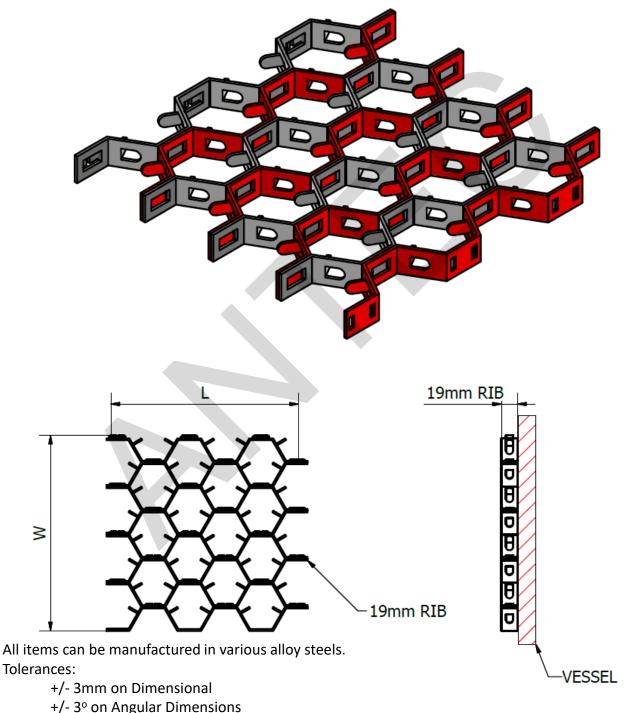


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

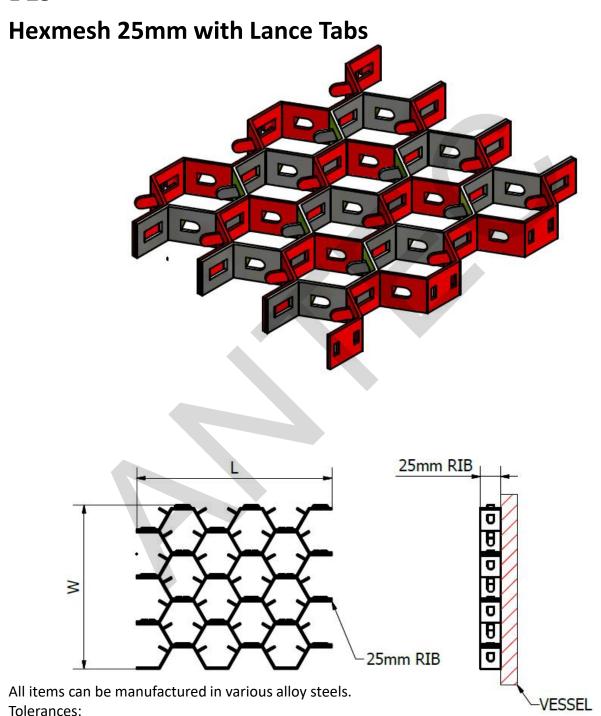
L 19
Hexmesh 19mm with Lance Tabs



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Unless otherwise noted.

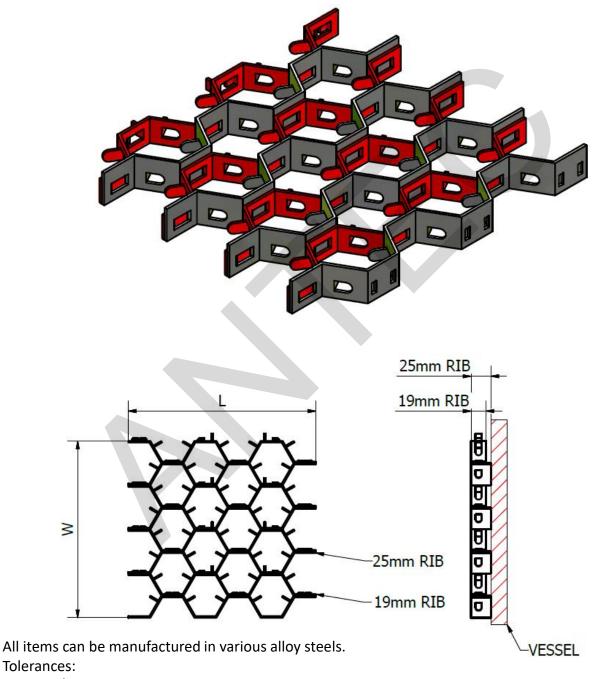
L 25



- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

L 25-19 Step Hexmesh 25-19mm with Lance Tabs

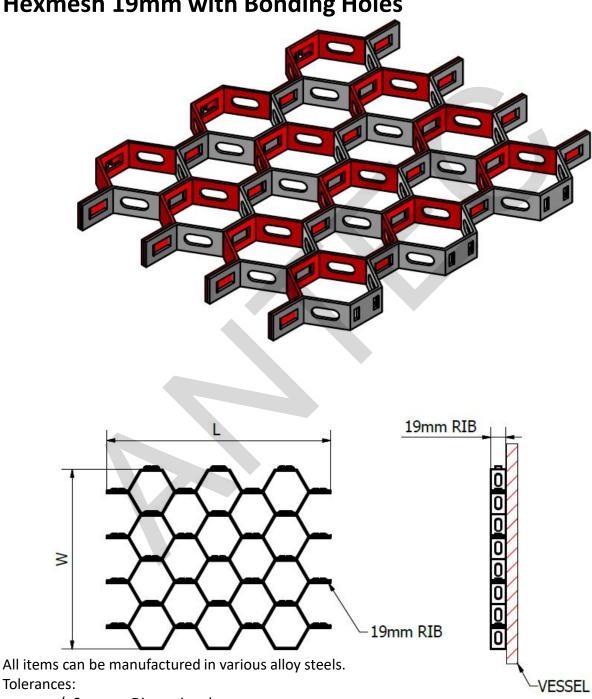


+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

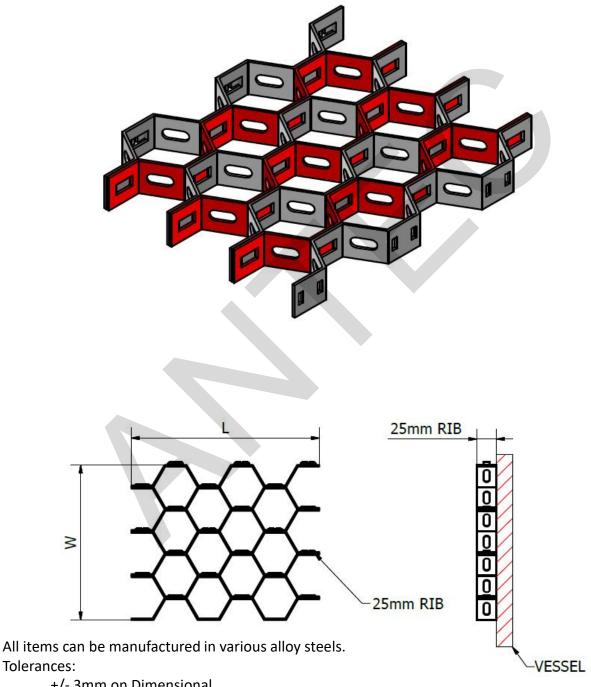
H 19
Hexmesh 19mm with Bonding Holes



- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

H 25 **Hexmesh 25mm with Bonding Holes**

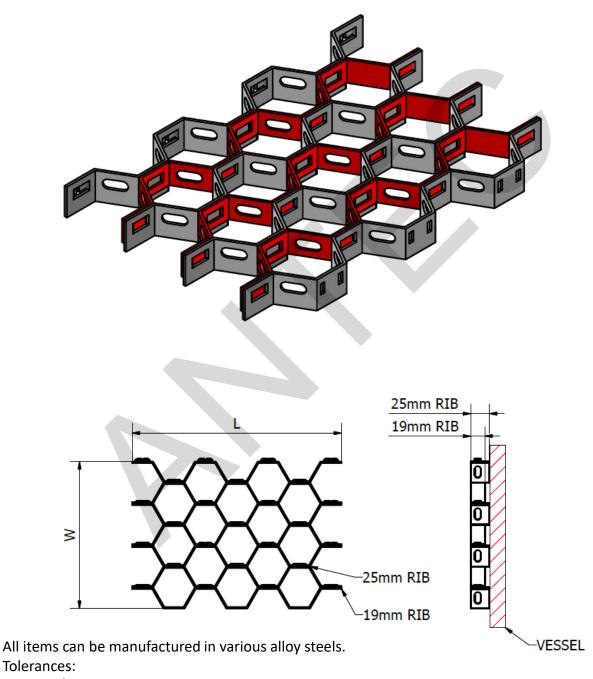


+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

H 25-19 Hexmesh 25-19mm with Bonding Holes

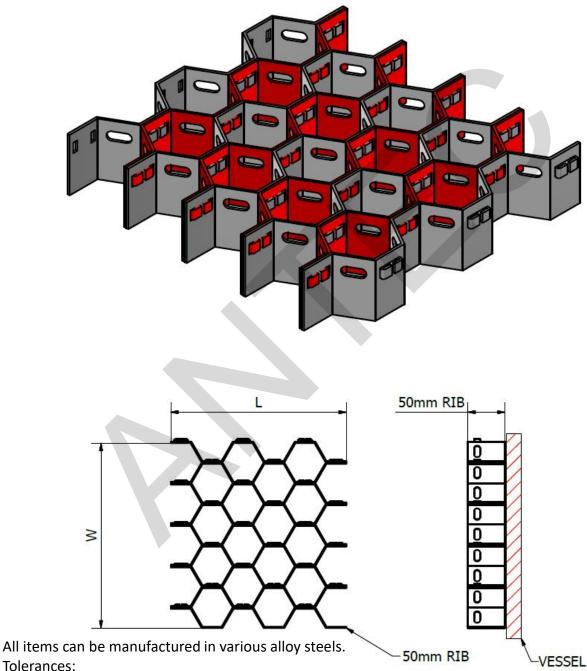


+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

H 50 Hexmesh 50mm with Bonding Holes

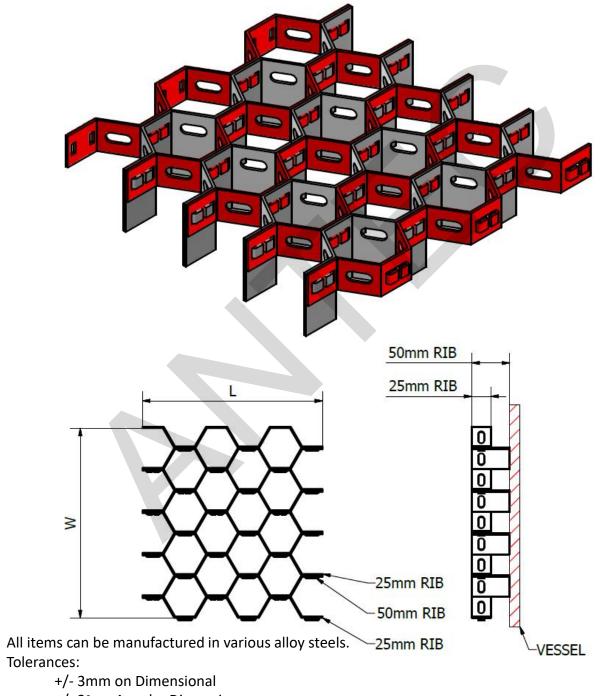


+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

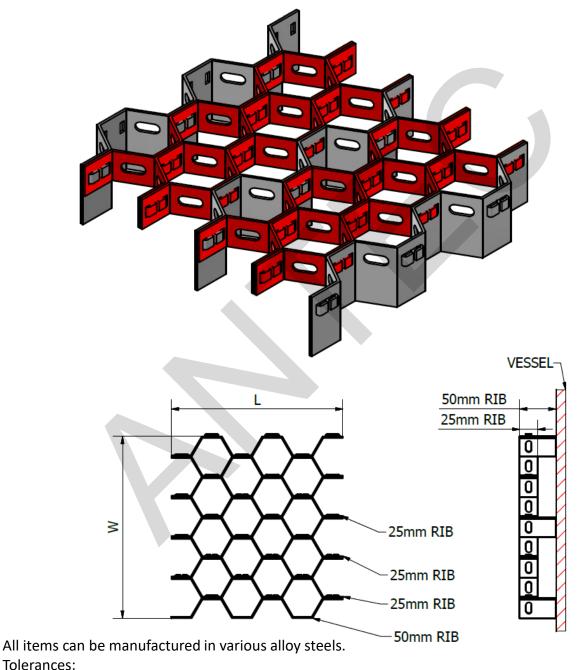
H 50-25 Step Hexmesh 50-25mm with Bonding Holes (1:1)



+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

H 50-25 Step Hexmesh 50-25mm with Bonding Holes (1:3)

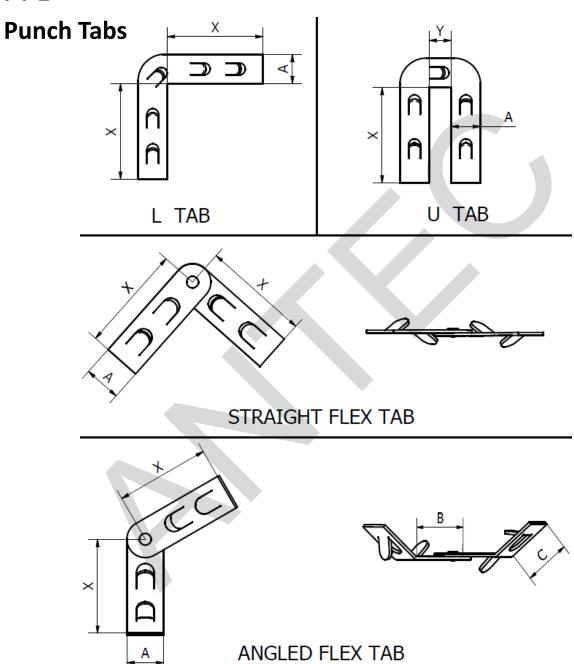


+/- 3mm on Dimensional

+/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

PT 1

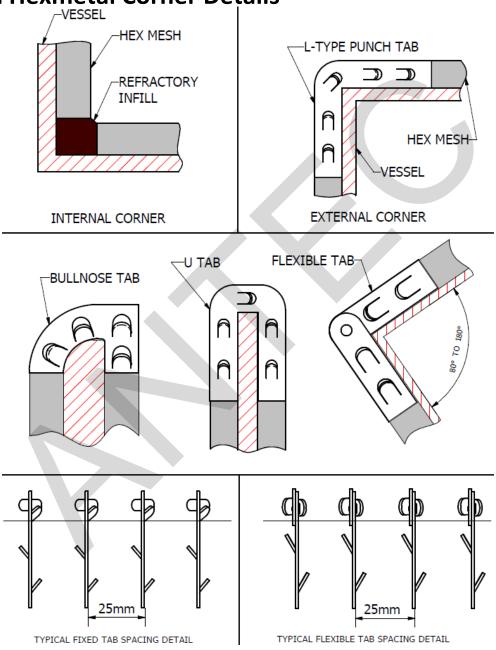


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

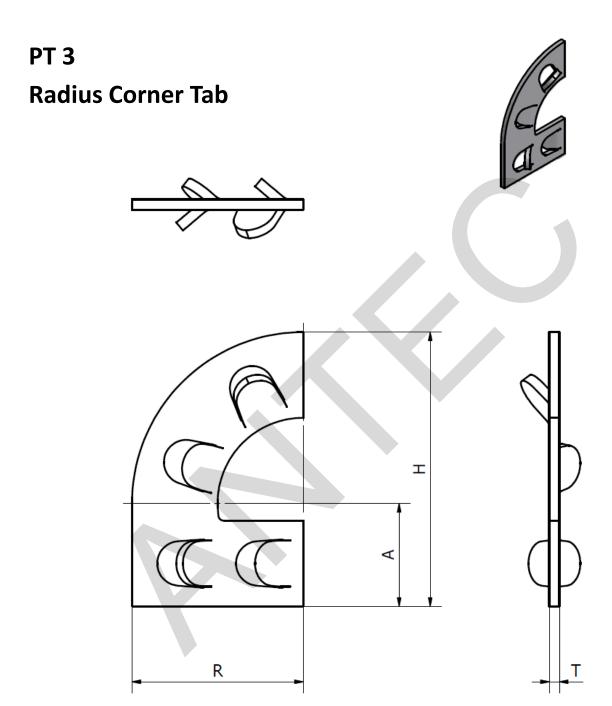
PT 2
Typical Hexmetal Corner Details



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

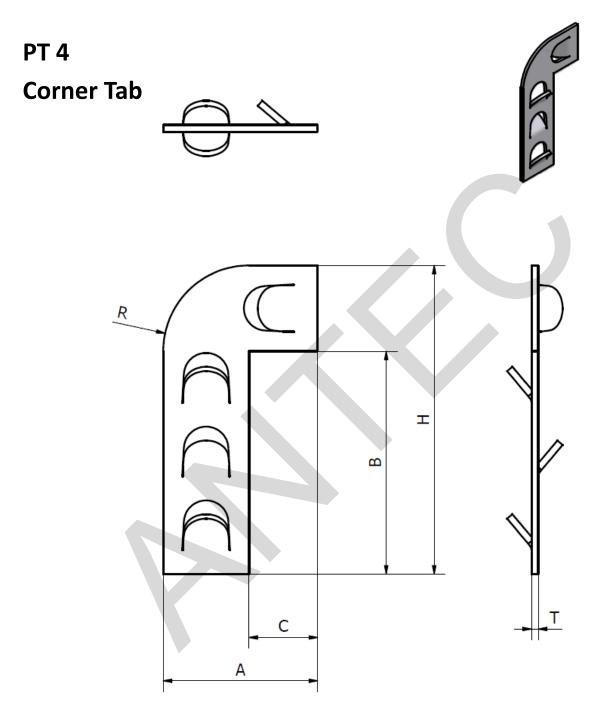
Shape, spacing, size and orientation of tabs to be specified by customer.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Tabs as drawn are diagrammatic only.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Shape, spacing, size and orientation of tabs to be specified by customer.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Tabs as drawn are diagrammatic only.

PT 5 Raised Corner Tab В

All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Н

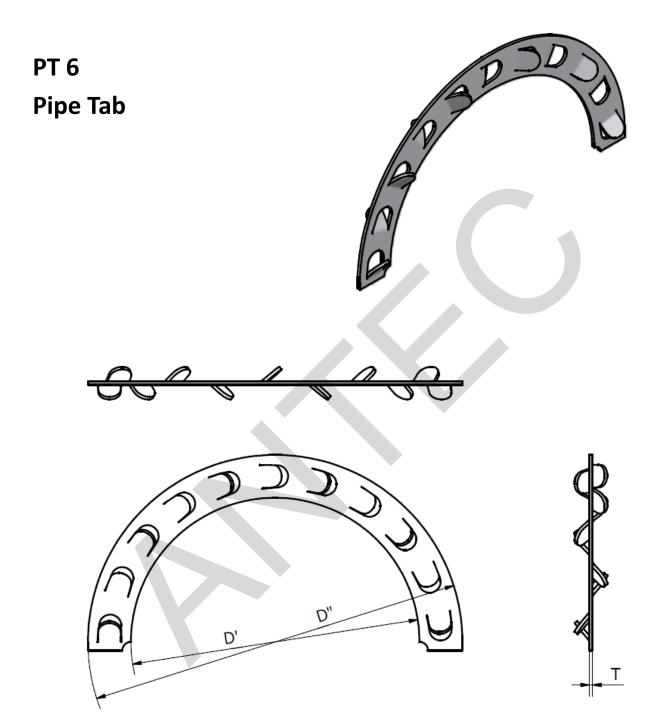
Shape, spacing, size and orientation of tabs to be specified by customer.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Tabs as drawn are diagrammatic only.



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

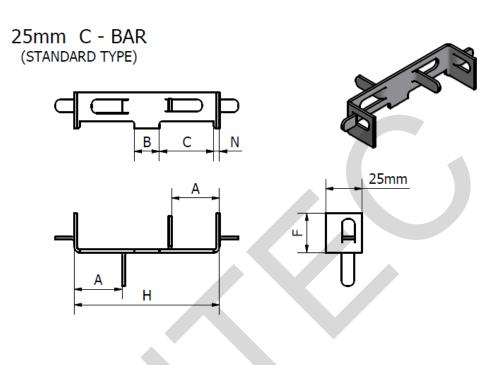
Shape, spacing, size, diameter and orientation of tabs to be specified by customer. Tolerances:

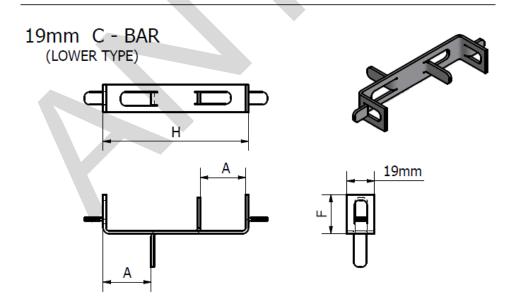
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

Tabs as drawn are diagrammatic only.

CB 1 C Bar



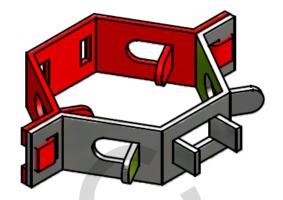


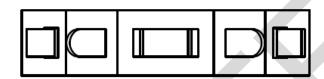
All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

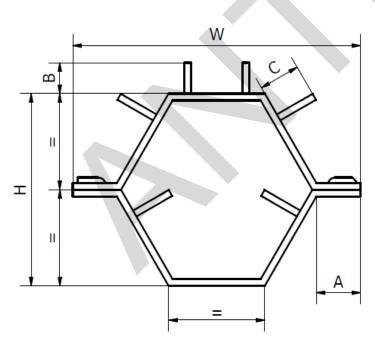
- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

SH 1
Single Hex Anchor









All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels.

Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

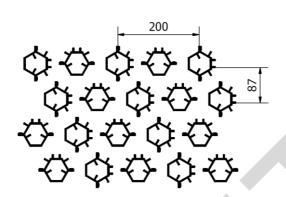
Unless otherwise noted.

Standard sizes for X are 19 and 25 mm.

SH 2

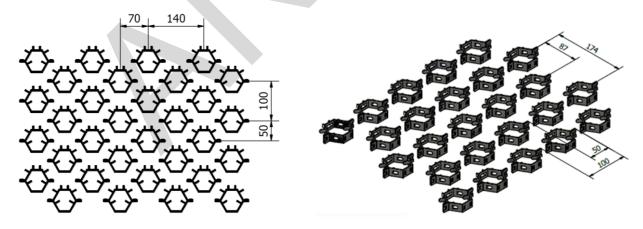
Single Hex Spacing Details

Spacing Pattern 1 – The typical layout shown is for general applications and where the refractory can be installed downhand. In severe service conditions or applications where refractory cannot be installed downhand, a closer spacing should be considered. Layout as shown below requires approximately 115 cells per m².





Spacing Pattern 2 – Alternative spacing used for more severe service conditions or where additional retention is preferred during refractory installation (such as a non downhand application). Layout as shown below requires approximately 145 cells per m².

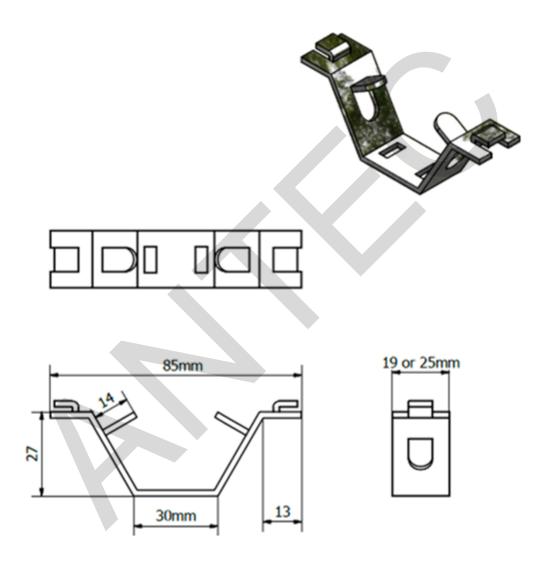


All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.

SH 3 Half Hex Anchor



All items can be manufactured in various alloy steels. Tolerances:

- +/- 3mm on Dimensional
- +/- 3° on Angular Dimensions

Unless otherwise noted.



Stainless Steel Fibres

Fibrex HT Stainless Steel Fibres reinforce monolithic refractory against thermal and mechanical shock by reducing cracking and spalling susceptibility. Fibrex HT is a new proprietary product research and developed by Fibre Technology as an enhanced alternative to 446 and 430 steel fibres.



Fibrex HT performs best in refractory operating in the following conditions:

- Thermal cycling to 1600°C*
- Continuous soaking to 1200°C
- Moderate-High mechanical shock
- Oxidising, Sulphur, Reducing, Hydrogen Atmospheres

Fibrex HT Plus can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Moderate thermal cycling
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 1100°C
- Moderate mechanical shock
- High temperature corrosive atmospheres (sulphidation, chlorination etc)

^{*} Dependant on the insulation properties of the refractory



Fibrex HT – Stainless Steel Fibres

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Thermal cycling to 1600°C (dependent on the insulation properties of the refractory)
- Continuous soaking to 1200°C
- Moderate High mechanical shock
- Oxidising, Sulphur, Reducing, Hydrogen Atmospheres

Chemical Composition (maximum unless stated):								
С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Cr	Ni	Others	Fe
0.20	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.03	17.0-21.0	0.5	2.0-6.0	balance
Melting T	emperatu	re:				1425-15	10°C	
Critical Ox	cidation Te	emperatur	e:					
Cyclic Hea	ting (in a r	efractory)	:			1600°C		
Continuou	ıs Service (in a refrac	ctory):			1200°c		
Cyclic Hea	ting					1100°C		
Tensile St	rength:							
20°C						740 MPa		
870°C						63 Mpa		
Modulus of Elasticity (870°C):						90-100 G	ipa	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (870°C):						12.1 @ 1	0 ⁻⁶ / °C	
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 24.6 W/m ² K								

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	839,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	118,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	37,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	26,000
35mm	0.64mm	56	12,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	5,000

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



Fibrex HT Plus - Stainless Steel **Fibres**

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Moderate thermal cycling
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 1100°C in the refractory
- Moderate mechanical shock
- High temperature corrosive atmospheres (sulphidation, chlorination etc)

Chemical C	omposition	(maximum	unless state	d):			
C	Si	Mn	P	S 0.10	Cr	Ni 4 0 6 0	Others
0.50	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.10 16	5.0-20.0	4.0-6.0	
Melting Te	mperature:					1400-1455%	<u> </u>
Critical Oxi	dation Tem	perature:					
Cyclic Heat	ing:					870°C	
Continuous	Service:					1100°C	
Tensile Stre	ength:						
20°C						515MPa	
870°C				¥		124MPa	
Modulus of Elasticity (870°C): 124GPa							
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (870°C): 20.2 @ 10 ⁻⁶ / °C							/ °C
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 21.5 W/m ² K							

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	839,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	118,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	37,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	26,000
35mm	0.64mm	56	12,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	5,000

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



ME 446 – Stainless Steel Fibres

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- High thermal cycling or
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 1100°C in refractory
- Moderate mechanical shock
- High temperature oxidation resistance

Chemical C	Composition	(maximum	unless state	ed):	
С	Si	Mn	Р	S Cr Ni	Others
0.40	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.10 23.0-27.0 0	-
Melting Te	mperature:			1425-1510)°C
Critical Oxi	dation Tem	perature:			
Cyclic Heat	ing:			1205°C	
Continuous	s Service:			1100°c	
Tensile Str	ength:				
870°C				53 MPa	
Modulus o	f Elasticity (870°C):		97 GPa	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (870°C): 13.1 @ 10 ⁻⁶ / °C					
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 24.8 W/m ² K					

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	839,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	118,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	37,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	26,000
35mm	0.64mm	56	12,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	5,000

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



ME 304 - Stainless Steel Fibres

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Moderate thermal cycling or
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 900°C in refractory
- Moderate mechanical shock
- High temperature corrosive atmospheres (sulphidation, chlorination etc)

Chemical C	omposition	(maximum	n unless state	d):			
С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Cr	Ni	Others
0.50	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.10	18.0-20.0	8-12	-
Melting Te	mperature:					1400-1455°	С
Critical Oxi	dation Tem	perature:				>	
Cyclic Heat	ing:					870°C	
Continuous	Service:					900°c	
Tensile Stre	ength:						
870°C						124MPa	
Modulus of	f Elasticity (870°C):				124GPa	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (870°C): 20.2 @ 10 ⁻⁶ / °C						/ °C	
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 20.1 W/m²K						(

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	839,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	118,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	37,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	26,000
35mm	0.64mm	56	12,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	5,000

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



ME 310 - Stainless Steel Fibres

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Moderate thermal cycling or
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 1150°C in refractory
- Extreme mechanical shock
- Extreme high temperature corrosive atmospheres

Chemical C	Chemical Composition (maximum unless stated):							
С	Si	Mn	Р	S C	r Ni	Others		
0.50	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.10 24.0-	26.0 19.0-22.0	-		
Melting Te	mperature:				1400-1455°C			
Critical Oxi	Critical Oxidation Temperature:							
Cyclic Heat	ing:				1040°C			
Continuous	Service:				1150°C			
Tensile Str	ength:							
870°C					152MPa			
Modulus o	f Elasticity (870°C):		*	125GPa			
Coefficient	of Thermal	Expansion	(870°C):		18.5 @ 10 ⁻⁶ /	°C		
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 18 W/m²K								

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	839,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	118,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	37,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	26,000
35mm	0.64mm	56	12,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	5,000

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



ME 330 – Stainless Steel Fibres

These fibres can be used in refractory operating conditions of:

- Moderate thermal cycling or
- Continuous fibre soaking temperature up to 1165°C in refractory
- Extreme mechanical shock
- Extreme high temperature corrosive atmospheres

Chemical C	Chemical Composition (maximum unless stated):							
С	Si	Mn	Р	S Cr	Ni Others			
0.50	3.5	2.0	0.050	0.10 17.0-19	9.0 34.0-36.0 -			
Melting Te	mperature:				1345-1425°C			
Critical Oxi	dation Tem	perature:						
Cyclic Heat	ing:				1050°C			
Continuous	Service:				1165°C			
Tensile Str	ength:							
870°C					193MPa			
Modulus o	f Elasticity (870°C):		Ÿ	134GPa			
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (870°C): 17.6 @ 10 ⁻⁶ / °C								
Thermal Conductivity (540°C): 21.5 W/m²K								

Fibre Length ¹	Typical Equivalent Dia ²	Typical Aspect Ratio ³	Typical No / kg
6mm	0.18mm	33	819,000
12mm	0.34mm	35	115,000
20mm	0.47mm	43	36,000
25mm	0.50mm	50	25,500
35mm	0.64mm	56	11,000
50mm	0.83mm	60	4,500

- 1. Other fibre lengths can be manufactured on request
- 2. Other fibre diameters can be manufactured on request
- 3. Aspect ratio is calculated as fibre length + diameter



METALX – Stainless Steel Fibres

METALX is a proprietorial stainless steel fibre with improved oxidation resistance compared to traditional stainless steels. This steel is ideally suited to extreme high temperature and corrosive environments. METALX is manufactured using Fibretech's unique Melt Overflow Rapid Solidification (RS) technology. The chemistry has been designed to produce a highly adherent oxide coating, which extends the life of the fibres.

Chemical C	composition ((maximum u	nless stated)	:			
C 0.30	Si 3.0	Mn 2.0	P 0.05	S 0.05	Cr 23.0	Others Cr Vi free	
Melting Temperature:						1480-1530°C	
Critical Oxi	dation Temp	erature of F	ibres:				
Cyclic Heating:						1250°C	
Continuous Service:					1300°C		
Critical Oxidation Temperature in Refractories:							
Cyclic Heating (dependent on refractory insulation properties):						1700°C	
Continuous	1300°C						
Tensile Str	ength:						
20°C						>750 Mpa	
870°C						>36 Mpa	
Modulus o	>260 Gpa						
Coefficient	15 x 10 ⁻⁶ / °C						
Thermal Conductivity:						16 W/m ² K	
Specific Heat Capacity:						0.46 Kj/kgK	
Density:						7.25 g/cm ³	
ME Fibre –	Typical Dime	ensions & As	pect Ratios				

Fibre Length	Typical Effective Diameter	Typical No / kg
12mm	0.43mm	78,000
20mm	0.43mm	47,000
25mm	0.43mm	37,000
35mm	0.43mm	27,000

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